Newport Daily News.

ESTABLISHED 1846. NEWPORT, R. I., SATURDAY, MARCH 17, 1900. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Just Received,

Direct from the Orient,
About 250 rolls of **China Mattings** and we venture the assertion that this is the largest stock of mattings ever received in Newport at one shipment.

NOTE OUR PRICES:

55 lb.	Mattings,	12 1-2c.	per	yard.	
65-lb.	"	"	15c.	"	"
75-lb.	"	"	20c.	"	"
85-lb.	"	"	30c.	"	"

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY.

A. C. Titus Company.

MARCH 12.

Our Prices This Week.

Turkeys, 12 lbs. and over, 13c. per lb.; smaller at 15c.
Coggeshall Farm Eggs, 22c. a doz.; 5 doz, $1.
Fresh Eggs 16c. per doz.; 7 doz. for $1.
Fresh Rhode Island Pork.

J. A. & H. H. BARKER.

ONLY AT THE VAAL.

No Fighting Until Roberts Reaches the River.

Lull Brings No Rest to the Engineer and Transport Service.

LONDON, March 17.—The peaceful conquest of the Orange Free State progresses so evenly that it is now believed that there will be little or no fighting until Lord Roberts reaches the Vaal river. How soon he intends to start with this objective is not yet intimated, but the gratification of the Free Staters seems now engaging all his attention. When the move comes it will doubtless be accomplished with the secrecy and swiftness which have characterized all the British advances since Lord Roberts assumed command.

In the meanwhile, the fate of Mafeking remains unknown.

The revolt of the Cape Dutch in the northeast seems to have had its back broken and it is likely that General Kitchener will soon resume his place beside his chief.

The lull that lets the British troops in Natal and the Free State recuperate brings no rest to the engineers and transport service. Girouard, the young Canadian officer who rules supreme over the railroads, is now putting his system to the most severe test, in an endeavor to pour supplies from Cape Town into Bloemfontein.

Commandant Olivier, after leaving Burghersdorp, went to Rouxville, where he is now reported to be with only a small force.

Dr. Leyds, the diplomatic agent of the Transvaal, has disappeared from Brussels. According to the Globe special he is believed to have come to London, but nothing is known here about his arrival. It seems scarcely likely that he would jump into the lion's mouth, and the energetic Boer representative is more likely to be soon heard of at one of the European capitals.

COUNTRY CLEAR.

Gatacre's Scouts Occupy Springfontein and Main Column Following.

BETHULIE, March 16.—General Gatacre's scouts have occupied Springfontein. The country is clear of the enemy. The main column is following the scouts.

BURNING KAFFIR KRAALS.

Boers Show a Vindictive Spirit Under Defeat.

LADYSMITH, March 16.—Lord Dundonald's cavalry patrols reconnoitred the Free State border of Basutoland to De Beer's pass, where a slight skirmish occurred, in which two British were wounded. The Boers were also encountered in strength at Van Reenen's pass and Tintwa's pass.

Kaffirs arriving here report that the Boers are manifesting a very vindictive spirit under defeat and that many kraals hitherto respected have been burned.

The German ambulances attached to the Boer forces were found near Modder Spruit, having been abandoned by the Boers. The physicians in charge were unable to move and were brought into camp, where the wounded were cared for. Transports were subsequently supplied and the ambulances were sent to the Boer lines.

LEFT IN THE NIGHT.

Boers Evacuate Their Position at Burghersdorp.

BURGHERSDORP, March 17.—Commandant Olivier evacuated his position on a hill in front of the British during the night. Several Boers of his force have surrendered.

Mr. de Watt, a member of the Cape parliament, and his brother have been arrested.

MAFEKING AGAIN RELIEVED.

War Office Cannot Confirm a Persistent Rumor.

LONDON, March 17.—It is persistently reiterated that Mafeking has been relieved, but the war office has no information confirming the rumor.

AMID A POPULAR OVATION.

Departure of Lady Roberts from London for South Africa.

LONDON, March 17.—The departure of Lady Roberts from London this morning for South Africa was made the occasion for a popular demonstration. Among her fellow travelers were the Duchess of Teck, who has gone to join her husband; General Sir Frederick Carrington and staff, Lady Chesham and Miss Rhodes. A large gathering of friends bid Lady Roberts farewell, including William St. John Brodrick, parliamentary secretary of the foreign office; George Wyndham, parliamentarian secretary of the war office; A. J. Newton, lord mayor of London, and the Duke of Abercorn. Lady Roberts was accompanied by her two daughters, all in the deepest mourning. Shortly after she entered her saloon carriage the lord mayor presented the three ladies with bunches of shamrocks. The departure of the train was the signal for a great outburst of enthusiastic cheering and the waving of flags and handkerchiefs.

Strathcona Horse Sails for Africa.

HALIFAX, N. S., March 17.—Troop ship Monterey, with the Strathcona horse regiment on board, did not sail for South Africa until 11 o'clock today. A flotilla of steam and other craft accompanied the Monterey down to the mouth of the harbor and crowds on the piers cheered the departing soldiers as the transport passed by.

St. Louis Boer Hospital and Ambulance Corps Abandoned.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 17.—The Boer hospital and ambulance corps finance committee has abandoned the original idea of the organization, which was to send a hospital and ambulance corps to South Africa. It has been decided to send on the $2,000 they have already collected to the national committee of Boer sympathizers at New York for the assistance of widows and orphans of the deceased Boer soldiers.

MARCH 13, 1900. ESTABLISHED 1882.

SIDEBOARDS

At Reasonable Prices.

Every sideboard we show is made of beautiful golden oak, all wood being thoroughly seasoned, built by thoroughly first-class workmanship and far superior to much of the cheap work on the market.

We can give an elegant piano-polish sideboard, with beveled French plate, for **$20.** No such sideboard at retail for less than $35.

KAZANJIAN & CO.

Oriental Rugs. China. Furniture.

Second Edition.

WEARING THE GREEN.

Shamrock on Every Hand in London.

Emblem of Disloyalty Now a Badge of Honor.

LONDON, March 17.—Shamrock day promises to vie with Primrose day in the hearts of the people, judging from the enthusiasm with which, for the first time in the history of the nation, loyalists all over the United Kingdom are celebrating and everywhere the green is conspicuous. From Windsor Castle, where the queen observed the day by wearing a sprig of genuine four-leafed shamrock, to the East End of London, where the ragged urchin glories in his morsel of green weed, nearly every one sports something in the shape of a green favor. A word from Her Majesty has turned the emblem of semi-disloyalty into a badge of honor and has made the shamrock the most prized of all plants in the British Isles.

By the queen's order, the bells in the curfew tower of Windsor Castle honored St. Patrick this morning. Irish airs, played by the Grenadiers, enlivened the queen's luncheon, and on London's mansion house floats a new loyal Irish flag, with the Union Jack in the upper corner and a crowned harp in the centre of a green field, as distinguished from the Irish flag, which bears the harp without the Union Jack or crown. The street venders have done a roaring trade with flags, buttons, clover, moss, bits of green ribbon, etc. Houses and stores are lavishly displaying flags and bunting, and Irish soldiers and sailors show special pride in wearing the national emblem.

The supply of genuine shamrock was so small that half a dozen leaves sold readily for half a crown.

The ancient ceremony of "trooping the color" at Dublin Castle was especially picturesque. It was performed today in the presence of the lord lieutenant of Ireland, Earl Cadogan; the Duke of Connaught, commander-in-chief of the forces in Ireland, and a brilliant assemblage. All the troops wore the shamrock.

The second day's sale of the Irish Industries' Association was opened at the London Mansion House this afternoon by the lady mayoress.

Most of the government officials hoisted the Irish flag and the clubs were similarly decorated, the officials all wearing the green.

In the churches the preachers referred to the occasion, thanking Providence that the English had learned to love and respect their Irish fellow-subjects as they never knew them or respected them before.

The lord chief justice, Lord Russell of Killowen, set the example in the law courts, and all the judges followed his example of wearing the shamrock below their ermine collars.

The theatres are all preparing to mark the day in the same way tonight.

On the Stock Exchange the enthusiasm shown in celebrating the day gave the chamber the appearance of a green house. The shamrock was everywhere and there was more toasting of healths than work. As a result prices were better, though nobody knows why.

The scenes at Aldershot were characteristic of the celebration of St. Patrick's day, and at all the other garrison towns the shamrock was donned by all the troops privileged to wear it. At reveille the Irish bands made a tour of the barracks, playing "Garry Owen," "St. Patrick's Day in the Morning" and "The Boys are We of the World." In front of the officers they played the national anthem and cheered the queen.

It is understood that the queen, having approved the proposed formation of a regiment of Irish Guards will make the announcement on the subject today.

The usual lord mayor's procession took place in Dublin today. The lord mayor of Belfast and the mayor of Cork participated, but a number of Nationalist mayors refused to accept the lord mayor's invitation to take part in the affair. The chief magistrate met with a mixed reception and there were disorderly scenes at several points along the route of the parade.

St. Patrick's Church, London, was densely packed when Bishop Brandle, late chaplain with the British forces in South Africa, officiated at a pontifical high mass in the presence of Cardinal Vaughan. All the clergy and the congregation wore the shamrock, and the scene, as the cardinal, in his red and white robes, slowly moved up the central aisle blessing the congregation was very impressive.

It was expected that the cardinal would deliver the St. Patrick's day address, but the duty devolved on Father Adam, who remarked that both friend and foe were unstintedly "praising Irish bravery, heroism and generalship, just now so conspicuous on the battlefield," and "the wearing of the shamrock, the emblem of the Irish nationality and catholicity, had become, by the gracious act of our most revered sovereign, an acknowledgment of the heroism and valor of their Irish sons in the war."

GREEN RIBBONS GENERAL.

Irish Flag Floating Over Canadian Buildings.

HALIFAX, N. S., March 17.—Shamrocks and green ribbons were worn by nearly everybody here today and an Irish flag floats over the city hall out of respect for the valor of the queen's Irish troops in the Transvaal. The Leinster regiment, with band and drums, paraded to St. Patrick's Chapel for mass, and then marched through the principal streets of the city. The bands played all Irish airs and every officer and the rank and file sported a shamrock or a bit of green.

TORONTO, March 17.—St. Patrick's day is being observed here and throughout the province with unusual enthusiasm. Everybody is wearing the shamrock while the Irish flag is flying on all the public buildings. Services were held in the Catholic churches, where reference was made to the bravery of the Irish soldiers in South Africa.

THROUGH A SEA OF SLUSH.

Patriotic Irish Societies Tramped the Streets of New York.

NEW YORK, March 17.—The green flag of Ireland divided honors with the national colors on all municipal buildings in New York today, while many business buildings and private houses also flew the ensign of the harp. Overhead the day was all that could be desired for the celebration, the sun shining brilliantly and its warm rays tempering a brisk and chilly breeze. Under foot, however, was a sea of muddy slush through which the St. Patrick's day processions tramped bravely. Headed by the Sixty-ninth regiment, with the First regiment of Irish volunteer infantry, the parade moved over miles of streets covered with slush and water, but these conditions did not dampen the enthusiasm of the paraders. As usual, the parade was under the direction of the American Order of Hibernians, and was participated in by all the Irish societies. Besides the parade, there were several other celebrations in honor of the day, and tonight nearly all the Irish societies and military organizations will give balls, dinners and other entertainments. The line of march of the parade ended at Sulzer's park, where all the Irish societies of the city united in a picnic.

NO PUBLIC CELEBRATION.

Day Observed in Boston by Religious and Social Events.

BOSTON, March 17.—The anniversary of St. Patrick, which during the past 10 or 15 years in this city has been given the additional significance of being observed as the anniversary of the evacuation of Boston by the British March 17, 1776, was not publicly celebrated today, but the usual patriotic and social events were held by the various organizations.

Honor to St. Patrick was given by the Ancient Order of Hibernians in the city and suburbs and by the charitable Irish Society.

Special religious observances were held in nearly all the Catholic churches. At the Cathedral of the Holy Cross a solemn high mass in honor of the feast day was celebrated at 9 a. m. Archbishop Williams participated in the services, and a sermon on the life and influence of the saint was delivered by Rev. Richard Barry, rector of St. Cecelia's Church.

Evacuation day was observed by the South Boston Citizens' Association in Gray's hall, and Boston Chapter, Sons of American Revolution, held a dinner.

Bells were rung at the usual intervals during the day, and flags were displayed from all public buildings and many private residences.

TRACING A CORRUPTION FUND.

Collected Within a Month to Defeat Legislation at Albany.

NEW YORK, March 17.—In connection with the crusade against the evil resorts in this city, the Herald says today:

Attempts are being made to trace a corruption fund which was collected from the gamblers and pool room men last month. It has been understood by those who contributed that the fund was intended for use in Albany to defeat such legislation as might threaten gambling and kindred institutions. Assurances were given that the three bills aimed at the prize ring, the policy shop and the pool room would be "cared for."

Since the present movement against vice took on so much vigor, those who have possession of the fund have been afraid to make use of it, knowing that the Society for the Prevention of Crime has its agents watching them, and fearing that they may be betrayed. In round figures this fund amounted to $125,000, and was raised without difficulty, it is said, and within four days from the time it was decided that it would be necessary. From the pool rooms $45,000 was secured, and from the gambling rooms $25,000 was collected, while the policy shops gave up $10,000. Another $10,000 was secured from the music halls and disorderly houses. Those interested in the athletic clubs which have been created under the Horton law contributed $10,000.

VALUE OF HOLLAND BOATS.

Dewey Says They Could Have Kept Him Out of Manila Bay.

NEW YORK, March 17.—Representative Foss of Illinois, acting chairman of the House committee on naval affairs, has received from Admiral Dewey a copy of a memorandum prepared by that officer's aide, Lieutenant H. H. Caldwell, upon the recent tests of the Holland submarine torpedo boat, says a Washington despatch. Admiral Dewey, it is understood, endorses the report of his aide, who expresses the belief that a determined enemy, with submarine boats of the Holland type, could have made impossible the occupation of Manila bay by the admiral's squadron.

The expression of opinion made by the admiral was in response to a request from the Senate and House naval committees, which before determining upon the action to take upon pending bills desired to learn the admiral's views.

THIS THE LAST DAY.

Rhode Island Towns Which Will Vote on License and the Secret Ballot.

[Special despatch to the News.]

PROVIDENCE, March 17.—This is the last day for cities and towns to file with the secretary of state notice that they desire to vote at the state election on the license question and on the use of the secret ballot. The towns which will vote on the license question are Glocester, Coventry, East Greenwich, New Shoreham, Tiverton and Westerly, and those that will vote on the use of the secret ballot are Coventry, North Providence and Warren.

Railroad Again Open to Norvalspont'l

VANZYL, March 16.—The railroad has been re-opened from Bloemfontein to Norvalspont. Colonel Polo-Carey and the Grenadiers have just arrived at Norvalspont.

Some Summer Styles.

Your choice while they are fresh.

Commerford, Tailor, 218 Thames Street.

SMOKE "Postoffice Square" —AND— "NUMBER 83" 5c. Cigars, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, —OF— J. D. Richardson & Co., 508 Thames St., Opp. Postoffice.

A CARD.

THANKING MY MANY PATRONS OF '99 I WISH TO ANNOUNCE THAT THE SAMPLES FOR 1900 EAGLE BICYCLES HAVE ARRIVED AND ARE ALREADY SELLING AT SIGHT. I INVITE CRITICISM.

B. J. FOY.

TELEPHONE 386-4.

Open —FOR— Business Saturday, 9 A. M.

MODEL CLOTHING CO.

192 & 194 Thames Street.

POWELL'S Cough Syrup.

Excellent for Coughs and Colds.

PREPARED BY FRANK L. POWELL, COR. THAMES AND PELHAM STS.

QUAM IS BOOMING.

Cargo to Stock a Store, and a Telephone Plant, on the Way There.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 17.—Brig John D. Spreckels has sailed for Guam, carrying mails and freight. This is the first vessel which has left here for the Ladrones with a cargo of merchandise. The bulk of the cargo is for the stocking of a store, to be owned and operated by a company at Guam. There is also a telephone plant on board which will be put up and operated by the company.

GREEK CRUISER COMING.

First Warship of That Nation to Cross the Atlantic.

CHICAGO, March 17.—The Chronicle says: Nicholas Salas, consul for Greece in Chicago, announces that the first Grecian warships to cross the Atlantic will leave Athens for New York in a few days. The vessel is a cruiser of the second class. The consul said that word was sent recently to all the Grecian consuls and agents in the United States to be prepared to go to New York to greet the cruiser when it arrives. The cruiser, said the consul, will bring 100 of Greece's most experienced naval representatives.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

New York, March 16, Patricia, from Hamburg.

Queenstown, March 16, Lucania, from New York.

Havre, March 16, La Champagne, from New York.

New York, March 17, Campania, from Liverpool.

BOYS' CLOTHES HERE

Have a distinctive style about them—not because their garments are expensive, but because in fabric, cut and make-up they are specially adapted by boys' tailors for boys' wear.

If boys' clothing is quoted lower than it can be bought for here, it is either because it is not good material or is not well made. One or the other reason sure; probably both.

Newport One-Price Clothing Co.

208 Thames St. 208

G. E. Vernon & Co.,

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC Modern and Antique FURNITURE —AND— Upholstery Goods.

Plans and estimates for Furnishing and Decorating Interiors complete submitted upon application.

91 John St. NEWPORT.

A Stirring Sale —OF— PETTICOATS —AT—

The BEE HIVE.

Here is an opportunity the like of which has never been offered before. $1.25 Petticoats, yes, they are $1.25 Petticoats, nothing can change that, not even the fact that we will sell them at 98c.

That's the price here Only 98c.

In black, red, cerise and helio sh
See them displayed in our w
and buy them quick as they
last long.

Other high grade Merc
Petticoats, in all colors,
latest styles, with ruffles
at $1.98, $2.75 and $3

A Full Line of Jersey Corset

In high neck, long and
square neck and sleeveless

The E (easy)

For Boys and Girls;
are ventilating and
two qualities, at

10 dozen

(Not calico) la
Island Percale,
skirt 4 yards w
pretty designs,
There are just
there are no mo

FURNITURE C
PURCHA

This Morning's News.

BOERS DESPONDENT.

General Meyer Refuses to Fight Longer, and Schalkburger Returns Home.

LONDON, March 16.—The Daily Mail has the following despatch from Lourenzo Marquez, dated today:

"Intrenching is proceeding on the Vaal river at Vereeying.

"Late arrivals from Pretoria say that the Boers themselves now admit that their cause is hopeless. General Lucas Meyer refuses to fight again, and has returned to his farm. General Schalkburger has also returned, and the burghers are going home by hundreds."

The Cape Town correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says:

"The Boer prisoners, I learn, will be detained indefinitely on board the transports, and the Free Staters will, perhaps, be spared the trip to St. Helena."

The Daily Mail publishes an interview this morning with Mr. Cecil Rhodes, secured by Mr. Julian Ralph, in the course of which, complaining of the "bungling of the home authorities," he said:

"General Buller's extraordinary orders to General Methuen were to relieve Kimberley, to take all the people away and to fall back to Orange river. You people in England have such wonderful ideas about Buller's generalship; but such a retreat would have been monstrous."

Mr. Rhodes declared that there had only been 30,000 Boers in the field altogether, and that the foreign mercenaries were only about 15,000. The numbers of the Boers, he said, had been exaggerated, in order to explain the British reverses.

The Lisbon correspondent of the Standard says:

"A military force of 70 officers and 712 men will sail for Lourenzo Marquez Tuesday next. This will include a battery of artillery and a squadron of cavalry."

ON TRIAL AT FRANKFORT.

Six Men Accused of the Murder of Governor Goebel.

FRANKFORT, Ky., March 16.—Six men, accused of complicity in the murder of William Goebel, were arraigned before County Judge Moore this morning. Caleb Powers, Republican secretary of state; Captain John Davis, W. H. Culton and Harland Whittaker had been brought from Louisville, and Jones and Hazlip, the other prisoners, were taken to court with them.

After some argument between the attorneys, Hazlip was released under $10,000 bonds. Judge Moore set the examining trials for Monday. County Attorney Polsgrove said he did not think the state could be ready by that time, and he might ask a continuance of two days. Hazlip went to Lakeland, where he is steward of the state asylum for the insane. Powers, Davis, Whittaker and Jones were taken to jail. Culton expressed a desire to see his wife, who is ill, but the prosecution objected. Jailer Lawrence, however, sent the prisoner to his home under guard.

"I will assume the responsibility myself under my bond," the jailer said to the lawyers. "This man has given his word, and I am not afraid he will break his vow."

FOR PORTO RICAN RELIEF.

Senate Passes the Committee Bill Without a Division.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—By the overwhelming vote of 35 to 17 the Senate tabled, on Mr. Allison's motion, today, an amendment offered by Allen of Nebraska, providing "that the constitution was, by force of the treaty concluded between the United States and the kingdom of Spain, in the city of Paris, France, April 11, 1899, extended over the island of Porto Rico and its inhabitants."

Mr. Hoar was absent temporarily, unpaired, but all the other Republicans, including those supposed to believe that the constitution had been extended over Porto Rico, voted for Allison's motion, as did Lindsay of Kentucky, gold Democrat.

This vote, while more significant of the power of the Republican caucus to shut out all amendments to the Porto Rico relief appropriation bill than as to the constitutional question involved, is nevertheless regarded by Senators as decisive on the constitutional question, so far as the opinion of the Senate is concerned.

There is no doubt that the majority in the Senate hold the view that the constitution does not extend of its own force over Porto Rico, or any of the other islands taken from Spain, and moreover that it is not to be extended over them.

The Porto Rican relief appropriation bill was passed without amendment and without a division later in the afternoon, according to the Republican caucus program, which shut out all amendments, so that Senator Jones of Arkansas, the Democratic leader, could not get any assistance, even from the free-trade Republicans, for an amendment providing for free trade with Porto Rico.

The Republicans are, however, as much divided as ever on the Porto Rican tariff question, and it will be some time yet before they can be brought into agreement on the compromise, which it is expected will be adopted.

QUAY CASE POSTPONED.

Senate Will Not Take it Up Until April 3.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The Senate, today, postponed the consideration of the Quay case until April 3, when it is to be considered until disposed of, but not to interfere with the Porto Rican bill, the Philippine bill, appropriation bills or conference reports, and with all parliamentary motions reserved against it.

Senators all over the chamber smiled, and some of them laughed, at this lame and impotent conclusion of Quay's campaign for early action, which Senators generally regard as insuring indefinite delay and probably preventing the seating of Quay at this session. Mr. Quay is reported to be highly indignant over it, and disposed to blame Senator Penrose and his other friends, who, however, have probably done the best they could, in view of the hostility of the Senate managers, open and concealed.

Why chess-playing should lead to insanity is a question raised in Germany by the melancholy condition of Steinitz, the great master of chess. The list of "mad chess-players" is a long one, every country furnishing victims, yet great mathematicians, who might be supposed to suffer as much from mental strain, do not become insane.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

MARKING WEARING APPAREL.

A Necessity Since the Introduction of the Steam Laundry.

In olden days, before the steam laundry was in existence with its fabric-eating acids, its mangle and general wear-and-tear proclivities, the family linen was the pride of the laundress. To her was intrusted the care of the shirts and collars, as well as all other linen, and after she had toiled along and carefully with simple implements and primitive means her work could truly be called an adornment. Then it was not necessary to cover a garment with identification tags. The clothes of each member of the family were designated by some small and unobtrusive initial or mark in an inconspicuous place. But now that highly paid domestics refuse "to do" the master's shirts and collars, and luckily for him, too, perhaps, such marks would be quite futile when sent to the ever-abounding steam laundry. Each laundry has its own particular mark, or, more correctly speaking, splash, and every time one is obliged to change one's laundry the old splash is crossed or scratched out and a new one substituted, so that in the course of time the collar bands of a man's shirt, as well as his collars, resemble somewhat Cleopatra's needle, so far as the hieroglyphics and dashes are concerned. To guard against this reckless use of indelible ink, and at the same time to be sure that one is wearing one's own belongings the marking of shirts, underwear, collars, handkerchiefs, etc., by means of initials or monograms has become a necessity.

Shirts used to be marked with the initial on the tub, or on the strip that runs across the bottom of the bosom. When the tub was discarded and shirts were opened well down into the tails, a new place had to be found for the initials. Nowadays the monogram is preferred to the initials, and they are embroidered right on the body of the shirt, about an inch from the lower left-hand edge of the bosom. The initials can be one-half an inch in height, or one and one-half inches in height, and monograms run from one up to four inches in height. On white shirts they should be in white, on blue and white shirts in blue, and on red and white shirts in red. If desired they may be in more than one color; in fact, some of them are very elaborate. One may have these monograms at a cost varying from $1 up to $5 each.

Handkerchiefs and dress mufflers are embroidered just inside the hem, near one of the corners. Initials or monograms may be selected. The initials are very small, and the monograms may be anywhere from one inch to three inches in height. White handkerchiefs should always be marked with white, and colored handkerchiefs with a good contrasting or a self tone. That is purely a matter of taste. The neatest effect is secured by the self-embroideries. The mufflers are marked just as the handkerchiefs are, except that self tones are almost universal.

Putting one's initials on gloves is a new idea. The letters are very small and of the plain block form. They are embroidered in self, on the backs, just at the ends of the "spears" nearest the wrist, the letters being right side up as viewed from the finger tips.

Pajamas are marked on the pocket, where a large monogram may be worked in tones that will match the colors in the pattern of which the garment is made. Many prefer to have small initials embroidered on the waistline of the coat near the left seam. The "pants" are marked near the waistline with the initials. Undershirts and underdrawers are marked with the first letter of the family name. The letter is embroidered in the centre, and near the fly on the shirts, and in the band near the top, just to the left of the opening in the drawers. Half hose is marked by having the letter embroidered on the front of the cuff, or upper part of the hose.

In making up monograms the three first letters of the Christian, middle and surnames are used. The first letter of the Christian and middle names are in one tone and placed side by side, and the first letter of the surname is in a contrasting color, and is super-imposed or inter-twined with the other letters.

It is not considered good form to mark clothing with the crest or coat-of-arms. To adhere to the simple rules laid down here will insure correctness and good taste. There are many odd ways of marking, but there are mere individualisms. Some men delight in being odd. It is not in good taste to have your linen marked with exceedingly large monograms or to have the marking in an odd place. The cost of marking by embroidery is not very expensive. Three letters cost anywhere from 40 cents to $1.00. Monograms from $1.00 to $5.00, and small letters for underwear from six cents up to 10 cents.—The Haberdasher.

AROUND RHODE ISLAND.

The president and counsel of the Sea View railroad appeared before the senate committee on corporations in Providence yesterday, in advocacy of a bill providing for an extension of time for filing the location and completing that portion of the road which is to run to Westerly. President Clark said that the beach south of Point Judith pond, where the site had originally been laid out, was being washed away by the currents directed thither by the breakwater. He said that about 250 feet of the beach had been washed away in this manner and there was no telling when the action of the water would cease to have this effect. Because of this it had been found necessary to change the location of the road, bringing it around to the north and west of the Point Judith pond, though still retaining a spur to run down to the harbor of refuge. He said that the only change would be that the proposed site south of Point Judith would be abandoned, the road going around the pond. In order to carry out this work it would be necessary to have an extension of time. The act provided that the time for filing a location should be extended to June, 1901, and the time for the completion of the road would be extended to June, 1903.

The trustees of the Mathewson Street Methodist Episcopal Church of Providence have begun proceedings in the supreme court to test the legality of the abandonment of Comfort street. This abandonment was desired by John Shepard, Jr., of the Shepard company, who owns property on both sides of the street, and throughout the progress of the matter the church has opposed the project. The present action in court is not directed against the city, but against John Shepard, Jr., who is accused by the trustees of blocking the way to their church, which has a door accessible through Comfort street. Up to date the matter has come before both the legislature and the city council. In the General Assembly Mr. Shepard was given leave to withdraw, but since then the board of aldermen has voted to abandon the street.

George B. Nichols, well known for his long term of service in the municipal court of Providence, died in Auburn yesterday. For sixteen years he officiated as clerk of the municipal court and through his connection there had a wide circle of acquaintance. His term of service dated from June, 1868, until July, 1884. He was in the seventy-fourth year of his age at the time of his death.

Bowen R. Church, the well known cornet soloist of Reeves's American band of Providence, was yesterday unanimously elected leader, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of D. W. Reeves. Mr. Church is well qualified to fill the position, and his many admirers throughout the country will be pleased to know of his promotion.

The Marblehead, which was ordered back to San Francisco on account of a breakdown in her machinery, sailed Wednesday from San Diego to Santa Barbara.

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To Let.

STABLE on State street, with six stalls, room for six carriages, in good order. Price $200. Apply to

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JOHN WHIPPLE,
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TWO FARMS,
Each containing 60 acres, on the west shore, one for $3,000 and the other for $3,700.

House lots, containing 5,000 square feet, $150 each. Sewer and water.

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INSURANCE
Of every description written at
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A. S. SHERMAN,
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A Sore Spot
Disappears at once when rubbed with JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT. It is the foe to inflammation in any part of the body. For 90 years it has been a household remedy famous for the cure of coughs, colds, sprains, bruises—nearly 150 ailments and diseases.
Johnson's Anodyne Liniment
should be kept on hand for emergencies. Two sizes 25c. and 50c. Write for free book on "Treatment of Diseases." I. S. JOHNSON & Co., Boston, Mass.

A PILL A DAY
One of Parson's Pills every day for a week will do more to cure Biliousness, Sick Headache and Constipation, and all Liver and Bowel Complaints, than a whole box of irritating, drastic pills or remedies.
Put up in glass phials, boxed, 25c.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO.
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THOMAS KITCHEN.
Coupes and Victorias
To let with careful drivers.
36 Friendship Street.
TELEPHONE.

Have You Decided
To fit up your old wheel or trade for a new one? We can help you in either case. Call and get prices and see the new models at
G. G. & A. H. POPPLE'S, 134 Bellevue Avenue.



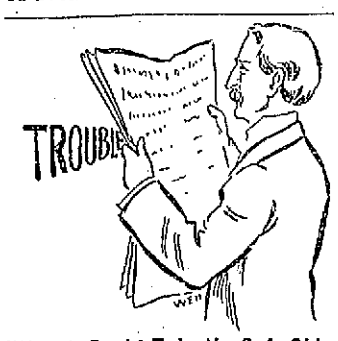
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There is no question about the purity of KEYSTONE SILVER WHITE GELATINE. You can see it for yourself—see it in the brilliancy of its transparent shreds, see it in the clear, tempting dish of jelly as it is sent to the table. And it's as reliable as it is pure. No disappointments, no failures with
KEYSTONE
Silver White
Gelatine
It stands supreme among the best gelatines of the world. Keystone Silver White Gelatine is used by all the famous chefs of America.
If your grocer cannot supply you send us his name and we will send you a sample package free, with recipes by the leading cooks of the country. A full size box mailed for 15c.
MICHIGAN CARBON WORKS, Detroit, Mich.
The largest makers of gelatine in the world.

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ELECTRIC LIGHT and BELL REPAIRS.
200 Thames Street.
Telephone 423-2.

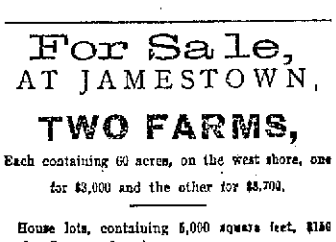
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CURE PAIN IN THE BACK IN ONE NIGHT
Cured at 90
ANGOLA, IND., Sept. 14, '98.
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Gentlemen:—I am a man 90 years old. This summer I have been troubled with my back. Through the advice of Mr. Phelps I bought a box of Bright's Kidney Beans of O. Carver. I never have taken anything that helped me so much as they have.
Very truly yours, FRANCIS SOULE.
For sale by all Druggists. 50 cents per Box.
BRIGHT'S CHEMICAL CO., Little Falls, N. Y.
For Sale by E. S. BLUMENKRANZ.

Arctic Ice Co.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Natural and Artificial Ice.
THIS COMPANY IS PREPARED TO FURNISH ICE OF THE BEST QUALITY AND IN ANY QUANTITY DESIRED.
PROMPT ATTENTION AND DELIVERY BY EXPERIENCED DRIVERS. TELEPHONE CONNECTION.
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The Complete Equipment and Large Force of Workmen
Enable the Daily News office to fill orders for job work promptly and well. Estimates given which will be found as low as quality of work will admit.



When in Doubt Take the Safe Side.
The rule for the railroad man is: "When in doubt take the safe side." This rule should apply to every person when in doubt about his eyes. Do on the safe side by consulting our Optician when in need of glasses, and you WILL be in need of them; for in time comes in the lives of all when sight wanes and glasses are required. The first glasses, if no others, should be carefully fitted by an experienced optician to avoid mistakes that may cause life-long trouble. Examinations free
H. A. JEWE... CO.,
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Will make a saving for you when paying cash for your purchases. Ask for them. When you fill your book it is worth five dollars at any of our banks. Cash Stamp Co., Butler Exchange, Providence

Path Gravel.
BLUE CRUSHED STONE PATH GRAVEL. THERE IS NONE BETTER, NONE HANDSOMER, NONE THAT WILL WEAR BETTER, AND ONLY ONE PLACE YOU CAN GET IT. ADDRESS PECKHAM BROS., MIDDLETOWN, R. I.

CLOTHING.

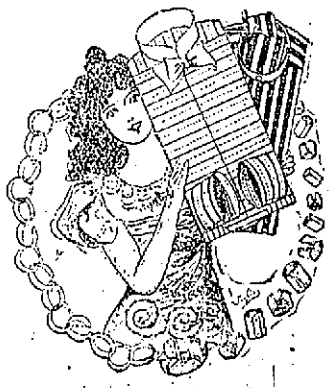


Are coming in now in "mossy" shapes in Derbys, Alpines and Crush Hats. We make a specialty of the well-known Lamson & Hubbard hat, one that equals any hat made in appearance and wear, no matter what price. All the leading shapes.
NEIL McLENNAN,
268 Thames St., U. S. Hotel Building.

Covert Overcoatings,
Plain, herringbone and diamond check finish, suitable for early spring.
EDWARD OTTO
244 Thames St.

Speaking of Dress,
Would not a Nice Suit, Top Coat, pair of Trousers, or a Fancy Vest be just the thing?
Come in and let me show you a complete line of the above goods.
J. K. McLENNAN, 196 Thames St.

JOHN S. LANGLEY,
Funeral Director
—AND—
EMBALMER.
Frederick E. Langley,
ASSISTANT.
Office 16 Franklin St. Telephone at office and
Residence 1 School St. residence.



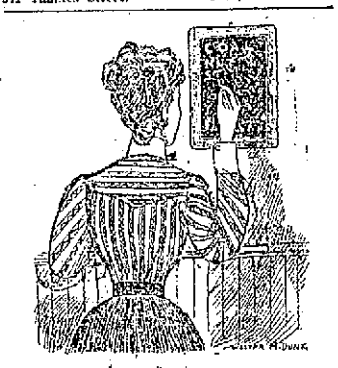
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Hand Work Only. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Orders left at the laundry, 155 Broadway Street, or at 126 and 174 Thames Street, will receive prompt attention.

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Don't neglect your coal bin because the winter seems over. These are chilly days and the season of sneezes and sniffles. Our COAL is of best quality, clean and dry. Try it.
PINNIGER & MANCHESTER,
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A Wise Housekeeper
Keeps her slate and pencil handy and puts down her needs as they arise. Then she sends to OUR yards if she needs coal for cooking or heating purposes, because there is no white ash coal on the market that can hold a candle to our Pittston Coal. New scales. Weight absolutely correct.
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OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE.

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Try Downing's
Special Compound
For that Cough and Hack.
This preparation will positively cure coughs, colds, influenza, and all affections of the throat and lungs.
PREPARED ONLY BY
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PHARMACISTS,
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Homœopathic Remedies
A full line of Boericke & Tafel's Humphrey's, Munyon's and Bronco Remedies. Also Humphrey's Veterinary Remedies always in stock.
GEO. A. WOOD, Druggist,
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Wright's Tolu, Tar and Wild Cherry.
A sure and speedy cure for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis and all diseases of throat and lungs.
JAMES T. WRIGHT, Pharmacist.
22 WASHINGTON SQUARE.

WM. H. COTTON,
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Old No. 145. New No. 226 THAMES STREET.

Try our 20c. Chocolates, Buttercups and Molasses Candy,
MADE FRESH EVERY DAY.
For colds there is nothing better than our Molasses Pep permints, made from pure molasses.
Ice Cream, Ices and Fresh Cakes always on hand.
C. F. Frasch,
170 THAMES STREET.

What Ails the Glasses.



Sometimes the wearer of glasses rubs and rubs to polish them in order to remove that blurry sensation. That blur does not come from the glass but does come because the glasses are not the ones fitted to the eye. To avoid further trouble you should change them. Get those that fit. I provide perfect-fitting glasses for imperfect eyes.
L. N. VAUGHAN,
Refracting and Dispensing Optician,
88 BROADWAY, NEWPORT.

...r the Cheapest and Most Desirable
AWNINGS
—TRY—
...narth, 174 Bellevue Avenue
...phone 166-4.

IN THE STEPS OF ST. PATRICK.

Divested of All Legend, He is One of the Greatest Characters of History.

Through the mists of time, which gradually obscure persons and facts, we may peer into the past, striving to discern the figures of distant times; and to trace their steps as they move vapory and shadowy through that dim atmosphere.

Of several things regarding the man who is known today as St. Patrick we are certain. First, that he lived about 300 years after Christ—many cyclopedias put it at 372—and that he was born in the sunny land of France.

France is today to a great extent a Catholic country, but whether that can be even remotely attributed to St. Patrick is doubtful, though his chroniclers have tried to make it so. But the fact that Ireland is the strongest Catholic country in the world is largely due to the influence of the man who lived there 1,500 years ago.

No adventurer ever lived the life of Ireland's patron saint. Divested of all miracles, his career from the time he was born, of parents who had fled from their country on account of religious persecution, until he died in Ireland at a green old age, is as full of adventure as that of the hero of any dime novel that was ever penned.

Patrick was born a devout Christian. He believed in the life and death of the Nazarene, who had lived only 300 years before; and when his parents, who were among the early Christians, told him tales of the Christ he listened and drank in their teachings, gradually growing up in a belief in the Word of God.

Just how the parents of the young Patrick came into France is not known. It is supposed that they fled into Gaul, as France was then called, because of trouble in ancient Rome. They were very aristocratic Romans, the father, Calphurnius, being a man of wealth and position. Conchessa, the mother of St. Patrick, was a handsome woman, whose chief joy in life was the instruction of her children.

At the age of 16 Patrick was a tall, slender lad, of noble countenance and of such strength that he was known for miles around for his feats of prowess.

In those days Gaul was very unsettled; and the waters that laved its shores were filled with pirate vessels. One day, while young Patrick and his sister were walking on the borders of their father's estate, a band of pirates who had come ashore upon surreptitious missions suddenly descended upon them and captured the boy. In spite of his struggles they bound him and carried him away, leaving his little sister upon the hilltop watching their departure. That was the last Patrick's people saw of him for many a day; for the pirates took him into a strange land, peopled with a race of human beings who knew neither law nor duty.

Ireland, when the boy Patrick set foot in it, is described by the historians as a country that was the scene of carnage. The beautiful land, even then green and fertile, ran with blood from one end to the other, and none knew at night if he would rise in the morning. Mothers bade their sons a tearful farewell as they went out to work in the field and fathers wept for their daughters. Rival kings ruled different parts of the island, and each year saw them rise up in terrific combat. The ruling king, the one who possessed dominion over the greater part of the island at that time, was Leaghairn; and young Patrick found himself a subject of this warlike ruler.

The religion of Ireland was that of the sun and fire worshippers. A few Christians there were, but they were persecuted and were obliged to worship their God in secret while they bowed down before the eternal fires in public.

At first young Patrick was horrified to find himself in a country of Druids; and then he did as only one of his strong character could have done. He set to work to Christianize the country.

Fortunately, if the legends are to be believed, he was gifted suddenly with the power of working miracles; and when he could not move the people by his advice and instruction, he stretched forth his hand and worked a miracle. It is conceded to be true that, at this time, the earnest young Christian had the power of the supernatural. This must be accepted by all those who believe that miracles have ever been wrought. But even divested of these powers, Patrick lived a marvelous life.

Many are the miracles that are now attributed to Ireland's patron saint. The tale of how he took a sounding brass instrument, closely resembling a modern drum, beat upon it until all the snakes came out of their holes has been told; and how, still beating, he called the snakes after him, until they all came together at the water's edge. At another wild beating of the drum the snakes tumbled into the water.

They tell also how Patrick once challenged no less a person than King Leaghaire himself to a manifestation of power. "If you will light the sticks under your kettle," said Patrick, "I will believe in your god of fire." The king scornfully ordered the kindlings to be lighted. But to the amazement of the attendants, the sticks would not burn. After the men exhausted themselves in the effort to make the fire, Patrick blew upon the wood and straightway a blaze arose.

The Druid high priest was exceedingly wroth when he heard of this and challenged Patrick to work a miracle in his presence. Patrick, who was at that time about 40 years old, in his very prime, confident and strong of his powers called all the Druid priests together at high noon, and there, in the presence of them all, called upon the Most High to cover the earth with darkness. In the twinkling of an eye the whole world became as black as midnight. These things caused the fame of Patrick to spread greatly, so that, after a while, he became the greatest power in Ireland.

Pope Celestine heard of this and made him a priest of the Catholic Church, then a bishop, and finally a cardinal. At his death he became almost immediately a saint.

Robbed of all else, save his own personality, which is admitted to be great by those of all religions, Patrick of Ireland lives today in sacred history as one of the greatest characters that ever existed.

Before he had been at work long there was no spot left untouched by the new religion. In the year 443, 11 years after his arrival in Ireland, St. Patrick was a member of the council appointed to re-model the laws of the land on a Christian basis. For nearly 60 years St. Patrick continued his work, Rome sending help, and the work was consolidated and built up into a firmly established religion.

He was in a place called Uladh when he was warned that death was near. The saint proceeded towards Armagh, where he wished to be buried, but he was told in a dream to return to the province of Uladh, which was the scene of his first triumphs. When he arrived at Saul he took to his bed, and on the seventeenth of March, A. D. 492, 60 years after his arrival in Ireland and at the age of 120, the patron saint of Ireland breathed his last, surrounded by converts of his ministry. He found in Ireland 3,000,000 pagans and in 60 years he had changed the religious aspect of the land to an almost incredible degree.

Ireland has commemorated him in many ways, and his movements during his long stay there can be almost individually traced by the names of the various places and institutions which bear his honored name.

The island on which he landed is called Inis-patrick, which means island of St. Patrick, while the famous Cathedral of St. Patrick in Dublin is built upon the very spot upon which the patron saint established the first Christian church that Dublin had.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your Grocer today to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee. 15c. and 25c. per package. Sold by all grocers.

NAVAL NOTES.

Lieutenant Commander R. I. Reid is detached from the navy yard at Norfolk, and ordered to special temporary duty at the recruiting rendezvous at Chicago; then to the New York yard for engineering duty.

Lieutenant Jay H. Sypher is detached from the Solace and ordered home to wait orders.

Pay Inspector L. G. Boggs has sick leave for three months.

Paymaster John A. Mudd is detached from the navy yard at New York, March 17, and ordered to special temporary duty under the bureau of supplies and accounts.

Paymaster J. Q. Lovell is detached from the Amphitrite, and will proceed home and wait orders to sea duty.

Assistant Paymaster G. W. Pigman is detached from the navy yard at Washington and ordered to the Amphitrite March 20.

W. Blake and Louis G. Miller are appointed second lieutenants in the marine corps.

Acting Gunner C. W. Ljungquist is detached from the Kearsarge, Acting Carpenter C. P. Hand, from the League Island yard; Acting Boatswain D. J. O'Connell from the Vermont; Acting Boatswain A. Smith, from the Richmond, and all are ordered to the Buffalo.

Acting Gunner W. D. Greetham is detached from the Dupont and is ordered to the Franklin.

MENU FOR MONDAY.

Eat in measure and defy the doctor.—[Scotch Proverb.

Breakfast,
Farina with Blackberry Juice.
Meat Patties, Tomato Sauce. Potato Puffs.
Wheat Cakes. Coffee.

Luncheon.
Sardines.
Bread and Butter Sandwiches.
Apple Dumpling.
Cocoa.

Dinner.
Tomato Soup.
Veal Cutlets. Steamed Rice. Currant Jelly.
Potato, Cucumber and Onion Salad.
Apricots with Cream.
Cheese. Wafers. Coffee.

Dried Fruit. Should always be placed in water 24 hours before cooking. By this process the fruit becomes rounded and juicy, and the cooking completes the renovation. Boiled apricots, figs, dates and apples are made especially palatable by the addition of a little vanilla extract just before setting aside to cool.

Tomato Sauce. If canned tomatoes are used, add one cup of water to the can; boil five minutes. Meanwhile brown one onion in two tablespoonfuls of butter, add two tablespoonfuls of flour, making a smooth paste, and put it in the tomatoes. Boil the whole two minutes and strain. Tomatoes should never stand long after cooking. Fresh tomatoes require 10 minutes to boil.

C. srxss: 22s5 ae2p 2tl

PERSONALS.

....By the will of the late Samuel Seibert of Hagerstown, Md., the Lutheran Seminary at Gettysburg, Penn., will receive $8,000 and the Pennsylvania College (Lutheran) in the same town $4,000. After bequests to individuals and of $3,000 to missionary and charitable institutions of the Lutheran Church, the residue of the estate (about $10,000) goes to the Susquehanna Lutheran University at Selins Grove, Penn.

....Miss Grace York, only daughter of Bernard J. York, president of the police board, will, it is understood, leave her home Monday morning to enter St. Joseph's Convent, at Flushing, Long Island, as a postulant. She has recently reached her majority, and made this decision for herself. Her relatives and intimate friends have known for some time that she intended to become a nun.

....Dean C. Worcester, who has been appointed a member of the new Philippine commission, has tendered his resignation as professor of zoology in the University of Michigan to the board of Regents. The board accepted the resignation. It is generally understood by his former faculty colleagues that Professor Worcester will not teach again. They state that he has his eye on some business enterprises that will keep him in the Philippines when his duties on the commission are over.

....Morris, the scout of General French, the British cavalry leader, has had plenty of experience, having fought in Ashanti, Egypt, Benin, and Matabeleland, where he was in the service of Colonel Baden-Powell. He was next associated with the Jameson raid, being one of the five men who escaped. During the Hispano-American war he was fighting with the American irregulars. During the present campaign he has seen service at Ronsburg, Coleskop, Arundel and Colesberg.

....The engagement is announced of Miss Katharine Stauffer Clark, youngest daughter of Senator Clark of Montana, to Dr. Morris of New York. Miss Clark, who has made her home in New York, is a talented young woman. She was educated in a Roman Catholic convent, and is an accomplished musician and linguist. Dr. Morris is a son of J. Rutherford Morris of the Manor House of Morris, N. Y. He was graduated from the Bellevue Medical College and became a physician in St. Luke's Hospital. No date has been set for the wedding, which will not take place probably until the end of the present season.

MIDDLETOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Mrs. Sarah Chase is guest of her son, Mr. Arthur W. Chase.

Mrs. William J. Peckham is ill with the grip.

Mrs. John H. Manchester and Mrs. Lewis R. Manchester were guests of Mrs. C. S. Peckham Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas J. Sherman, Miss Tillie A. Bachelier, Miss Bessie H. Underwood and Mr. and Mrs. John D. Blair were guests of Mrs. Charles Wyatt Wednesday.

CANNOT MUTILATE SHADE TREES.

The supreme court has decided that a telephone company has not the right to cut off limbs of shade trees in front of the property of another in order to construct a line of wire. The court holds that the trees in front of a man's residence belong to him, although they may be located on public property, and that no one has a right to denude or destroy them without consent of the owner.—[Oneida (N. Y.) Union.

WORK FOR YOUNG MEN.

Opening Session of the Annual District Conference.

Reception and Banquet Last Evening; Papers and Discussions Today.

The annual conference of the Young Men's Christian Associations of the Fifth and Sixth districts of Massachusetts and Rhode Island was opened in the local Association's rooms last evening, with a reception to the visiting delegates, followed by a banquet and speech making. The reception took place in the parlors, which were decorated with American flags, and the visiting delegates were received by President Horton and General Secretary Tisdale and met a large number of the members of the association and the business men of the city.

At 7 o'clock the guests were invited into the large hall, where five tables were set for the banquet. The arrangement was excellent. At the head of each table was seated an officer of the association, and at the other end a member of the Women's Auxiliary, who served coffee. These latter were Mrs. William B. Franklin, Mrs. William L. Tisdale, Mrs. Philip Stevens, Mrs. Robert M. Holland and Mrs. T. Fred Knull. Other members of the women's auxiliary acted as waitors, and the service added much to the pleasure of those who participated.

Before the supper President Horton called upon Rev. B. G. Boardman to ask the Divine blessing, and afterwards made



WILLIAM L. TISDALE.
General Secretary Newport Young Men's Christian Association.

a brief address, welcoming the visiting delegates and speaking in the warmest praise of the efforts of the Women's Auxiliary towards the success of the entertainment.

Rev. George Whitefield Mead was called upon to speak in behalf of the clergymen of the city, and after an amusing reference to the general secretary and the women connected with the auxiliary, spoke of the relation of the church to the Young Men's Christian Association and the benefits the former received from the latter. He also spoke enthusiastically of the work of General Secretary Tisdale and the encouragement his earnest labors have afforded to the clergymen of Newport in their own work.

Mr. A. B. McCrillis of Providence was called upon to speak in behalf of the business man, but did not confine himself to that topic. He emphasized especially his belief that manhood is the greatest thing in the world, that the chief and only service of the Young Men's Christian Association is that it makes men, and that the time to make men is when they are boys, speaking at some length upon each of these points.

Mr. G. W. Penniman of the Fall River News made an earnest and stirring address, bringing out the facts that the Association's object is work for young men, Christian work for young men, and associated Christian work for young men. He named as essentials for success in the work availability, or the capacity to seize an opportunity; enthusiasm, and concentration of effort.

Mr. W. D. Fellows, general secretary in Fall River, spoke earnestly of the growth and extent of the work of the Young Men's Christian Association and of the vast results already accomplished during the past 50 years. He urged also in closing the need of a new building as a home for the Newport association.

Mr. E. M. Robinson of Boston spoke enthusiastically of the work for boys, giving facts showing its importance and the value of the results already reached.

State Secretary R. M. Armstrong, who

CONTINUED ON FIFTH PAGE.

BARRELS OF SAMPLES.

More Than a Million Trial Bottles Sent Free by Mail.

By special arrangement with the manufacturers of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, the readers of this paper are enabled to obtain a trial bottle and pamphlet of valuable medical advice absolutely free, by simply sending their full name and address to the Dr. David Kennedy's Corporation, Rondout, N. Y., and mentioning this paper.

Of course this involves enormous expense to the manufacturers, but they have received so many grateful letters from those who have been benefited and cured of the various diseases of the Kidneys, Liver, Bladder and Blood, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia and Chronic Constipation, and all weaknesses peculiar to women, that they willingly send trial bottles to all sufferers.

Try putting some of your urine in a glass tumbler, let it stand twenty-four hours. If there is a sediment, or cloudy, milky appearance, your Kidneys are sick.

It matters not how sick you are or how many physicians have failed to help you, give this great medicine, Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, a trial, and benefit and cure will most certainly result.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is sold by all druggists at $1.00 a bottle.

At the Court of Probate of Portsmouth, R. I., held on Monday, February 12, A. D. 1900.

Mr. Parker H. Carr of Freetown, Mass., presented his petition, in writing, praying that a certain instrument presented therewith, purporting to be the last Will and Testament of

LEONARD'S
Newport Steam Laundry
And Carpet Beating Works,
J. D. RICHARDSON, Agent, 308 Thames street. Orders may also be left at Peckham & Manchester's, 68 Broadway. Telephone Connection.

AT THE GRAVE OF ST. PATRICK.

Roll back the scroll of time! I stand
At St. Patrick's grave in our motherland,
Where that mother clasped to her sheltering breast
The saint that Erne still loves best.

More than fifty summers have passed away,
Since I bent o'er his grave one bright August day;
To an old man now, there comes back again
That day as it shone on a stripling then.

When the sons of Dichu bowed down to Christ
Their field in Saul heard a solemn tryst;
"First fruits of my prayers, my bones shall lie
With you when my soul is called on high."

So Down, the fair garden of Uladh, held
The worn-out frame of that saint of old,
Enwrapt as a token of seamless love
In the shroud that the sainted Brigid wove.

Far south, like a gem in the sunlight, lay
The holy islet of Strangford Bay,
Where a pagan's son built a Christian shrine,
And on myriad brows traced the Saviour's sign.

Sunk in shade, away to the north, I wis,
Midst the vales of Antrim, the dark Slubh Mis
Frowned rugged and stern—that mount of God
Where the captive swineherd of Milcho trod.

Around me the scent of the new-mown hay
Floated up from the fresh swathes far away,
And a skylark soared from its nest, and flew
On wings of its melody up to the blue.

No road, and no altar, no house of prayer.
Yet both incense and hymn were rising there
O'er a scooped-out hollow. A thousand hands
Had borne the earth into distant lands,

For grains of dust from St. Patrick's grave
Bands of pilgrims toiled over plain and wave,
And joyed to bind, in those days of old
Close prest to their bosoms, this hallowed mould.

Four centuries gone! the "Lamp of the West"
Glowed, beacon of Christendom, brightest and best;
Then streamed o'er the world one thousand long years,
Fading slowly—it often shone only in tears.

Erne's apostle! he stands sublime
With the cross upreared in the aisle of Time.
As through trial by sorrow, sword and scaith,
All his children stood by the holy faith.

But I turn from history's records now,
Once more at this Irish grave to bow
And pray that the light of his life divine
From the world of Spirits may enter mine.

—[A. O'D. T., in Boston Pilot.

Newport, R. I.

FANCIES.

Some sight a chance
With discerning glance,
And race till they gain a crown;
Others there be
Who could not see
A chance if it knocked them down.

—[Chicago Record.

The merit of a joke is merely a relative matter. From a man who is paying us money the oldest and the dullest joke never fails to make us laugh.—[Boston Transcript.

"Well, how's politics down in Kentucky?"

"Oh, don't call that state of things 'politics;' call it 'hysterics' or 'epilepsy.'"—[Indianapolis Journal.

Rev. Dr. Joyner—And so you two are making life one grand, sweet song?

Battles—Yes, doctor, a regular opera; with frantic calls for the author when baby cries.—[Brooklyn Life.

"Bobby, didn't I tell you not to go in the parlor when Mr. Hopkins comes to see your sister?"

"Ma, I didn't go in. I jes' stuck my head in the door and made some faces at him."—[Chicago Record.

Rivers—I froze my foot going home in the street cars the other night.

Brooks—That was an idiotic thing to do. My feet froze, too, but I didn't freeze them.—[Chicago Tribune.

"The abnormal development of this bump betokens a most remarkable veneration for old age. You are doubtless an archaeologist."

"No. I'm the editor of the comic supplement of the Sunday Tunk."—[Brooklyn Life.

Publisher—This looks very much like an anachronism, this statement about throwing a bootjack at the cats in your back yard. Bootjacks went out of fashion with topboots long ago.

Author—Yes; that's the reason I didn't mind throwing the thing away on the cats.—[Boston Transcript.

Amiable hostess—Well, now you are here, I hope you will stay to lunch with me.

Gushing visitor—Oh, thank you so much, dear Mrs. Browne, if we may. (To daughter.) There, Vera, won't that be delightful? Such a pleasant surprise for you!

Severely truthful child—Not a surprise, mother. You know, you said Mrs. Browne must ask us to lunch if we only stopped long enough.—[Punch.

Fuddy—This is a most discouraging world.

Duddy—Yes; I think I have heard a similar remark before; but what is the present grievance?

Fuddy—It is just this, that when I have made up my mind never to lose my temper again, but to always maintain a placid disposition, some blamed fool comes along and says something or does something that makes me fearing mad.—[Boston Transcript.

Our Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites

IS THE SUREST REMEDY IN THE WORLD FOR MAKING PURE BLOOD, STRONG NERVES AND A HEALTHY STOMACH. IT HAS BEEN IN USE LONG ENOUGH TO PROVE ITS MERITS. IT WILL IMPROVE THE APPETITE AND GIVE TONE TO THE ENTIRE SYSTEM—THERE IS NO EXCUSE FOR PALE, HALF-SICK, TIRED OUT MEN AND WOMEN. TAKE THIS GOOD TONIC AND SEE HOW LIKE A CHARM IT ACTS.

The Hub Pharmacy,
E. S. Blumenkranz, Dispensing Pharmacist,
170 Thames St., Cor. Mary.
TELEPHONE 242-4.

Shortness of Breath

Mrs. Wm. Adams, of 18 Putnam St., Providence, R. I., says:

"In 1896 I was taken with the grip and was confined to my bed for eight long weeks. The disease left me so prostrated that I could not help myself in the least. I was troubled greatly with shortness of breath which would be brought on by the slightest exercise or by dampness in the air. I had no appetite and was unable to keep anything but the lightest food on my stomach.

"I did not seem to be getting any better and so changed my doctor but still received no benefit from the treatment. One day I saw an advertisement of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and made up my mind to give them a trial. I noticed an improvement from the first and had taken but two or three boxes when my appetite returned and I felt very much stronger. I was much encouraged and continued taking the pills. In a short time the shortness of breath became less frequent and I was soon as well as ever.

"I cannot tell how thankful I am that I took Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and I earnestly recommend them to any one suffering from the after-effects of the grip." Mrs. WILLIAM ADAMS.

Subscribed and sworn to before me in the city of Providence, State of Rhode Island, this 18th day of August, 1898.

WM. A. PHILLIPS, *Notary Public.*

At druggists or direct from Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y. 50 cents per box; 6 boxes, $2.50.



Face Humors

Pimples, blackheads, simple rashes, red, rough hands, falling hair, and baby blemishes prevented by CUTICURA SOAP, a sure preventive of inflammation and clogging of the Pores.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Props., Boston. How to Prevent Face Humors, free.

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PIANOS.

If you are interested in pianos call in and look over our stock. We have several pianos just from the manufactory, of different grades.

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210 THAMES STREET.

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ESTABLISHED 1840.
PIANOS
RENOWNED FOR
TONE & DURABILITY

THE WONDERFUL POPULARITY ENJOYED BY THE

FISCHER PIANO

FOR THE PAST FIFTY-NINE YEARS IS WITHOUT A PARALLEL IN THE HISTORY OF THE PIANO WORLD. DURING THIS PERIOD OVER

110,000

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from miniature to life size finished in a variety of styles. Copying, Interior or Exterior Views of any kind. Sittings by appointment.
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Kodaks, $5 to $35.
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Electrical Novelties.
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LANDSCAPE GARDENER
Gentlemen's places taken care of by the day, month or year. Hedges and shrubs furnished at the lowest prices. Grading and laying out of new grounds a specialty.
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Hair Stuffed. Best material. Good styles.
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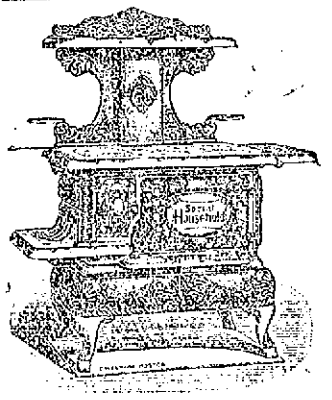
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FOR NEW

Carpets, Mattings, Art Squares, Rugs, } Furniture and Furniture Coverings,

GO TO

J. W. Horton & Co.,
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Household Stoves and Ranges

Are the handsomest, best-working, and most durable. Ranges from $12 to $15. A large and excellent line of heaters, from $2.50 to $25. Also a very good assortment of second-hand stoves from $2 to $12.

Dinner sets from $7.50 to $12, and a full line of housefurnishing goods generally.

JAMES F. MARDEN,
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BOOTS AND SHOES.

SHOES
—FOR—
Little Men.

Patent Leather Dress Shoes, $1.05
Wax Calf Goodyear Welt, sewed, $1.50
Box Calf, Good wear Shoes, $1.25
Satin Calf, School Shoes, $1

All made on the same general styles of lasts as MEN'S SHOES.

Norman,
130 THAMES STREET.

Bargains.

Men's and women's heavy boots, lace and button at greatly reduced prices.

REGULAR STOCK OF
The T. Mumford Seabury Co.,
214 THAMES STREET

The Old Reliable Shoe Store,

186 THAMES STREET,

Is still here, doing business on the good old principle of 100c. worth for a dollar in Medium footwear for Men, Women and Children, and doing the most up-to-date Renovating and Repairing in the city.

M. S. HOLM.

Agency for White Star, Anchor and Dominion Lines. Atlantic Steamship Co.'s Tickets and Drafts for sale.

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A FULL LINE OF
Fresh Vegetables
AT
Fred B. Coggeshall's,
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GREEN PEAS,	OYSTER PLANT,
STRING BEANS,	LETTUCE,
BEET TOPS,	RADISHES,
BRUSSEL SPROUTS,	CUCUMBERS,
DANDELIONS,	TOMATOES,
SPINACH,	RHUBARB.

ALSO RIPE STRAWBERRIES.

SELECTED
Rhode Island Turkeys

FRESH TABLE EGGS A SPECIALTY.

JOHN BLUCK & CO.
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DEERFOOT FARM
Sausage, Bacon, Cream
—AT—
The Sea Side Market.

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Typewriting Machine.

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113 THAMES ST., NEWPORT, R. I.

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NEWPORT DAILY NEWS AND THE NEWPORT JOURNAL.
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Office, 207 Thames Street.
News, $6.00 a year. Journal, $2.00.

TELEPHONE CALLS.
Business Office, down stairs, 17-2.
Editorial and Reportorial Rooms, up stairs, 17-3.
Publisher's Residence, 24 High Street, 322-4.

The Newport Journal contains the best matter in the Daily News each week, and will be sent anywhere in the United States, postage paid, for $2 a year in advance. Requests for change of address should give old address as well as the new.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements, without special position, $1 a square for the first insertion and 25 cents for each continuance. Ten lines, or less, nonpareil type (or five-sixths of an inch) make a square. Advertisements of five lines or less are taken at about one-half these rates. A discount is allowed on all advertisements ordered in the Daily for more than one week.

Yearly or Term Advertisers are limited to their immediate business, are guaranteed but five insertions in a week, and are allowed twenty-five changes a year. Electrotypes will be used without extra charge if solid metal; "wood backs" cannot be used with safety to the press.

Advertisers using both the **daily and weekly** papers gain the advantage of distinct classes of readers, no person reading both the daily and weekly. The Journal goes among people who read no other local paper.

PRINTING.

The News has six steam presses and has a large and well-appointed job office.

Newport Daily News

SATURDAY, MARCH 17, 1900.

TO COMPLETE THE CITY HALL.

The report of the city hall commission indicates conclusively that there is need of more money to finish the new city hall. The various items show how far from completion the building will be under the present contracts, and these will practically exhaust the appropriation. One can judge by what is said to be needed of what the present building will be if more money is not voted by the people. The interior wood finish is of the simplest kind, a plain baseboard of light wood, and all the floors of hard pine. A public building of the character of the city hall should be in some degree ornamental as it will be in a sense a show place: it should be at least enough so to prevent it from being a disgrace. So the changing of the wood finish of the aldermanic and council chambers from a plain maple or pine baseboard to a mahogany wainscot, with panels, beams and cornice on the ceilings; the marble wainscoting and tile or asphaltic floor in the main hall, and the painting of the ceilings in the hall and more important rooms are very desirable, if not quite necessary. The other items, including fittings for the vaults, furniture, gas and electric fixtures, curbing and grading of lawn, sidewalks and retaining walls in the rear of the lot, will all be quite essential to the completed building, and must be provided for at some time.

The commission has not, however, treated the taxpayers fairly and has been altogether too secretive in its plans, and it may be difficult for some taxpayers to forgive its action in making a contract for a building when its members must have known that there was not enough money to complete and equip it. If the people can be assured that the $10,000 will be all that will be needed they will perhaps give the necessary authority for the appropriation of the money. The commission's latest statement seems to be fair and square, and one upon which the people may rely. The situation regarding the city hall is this: If no additional money is authorized, we shall have a building incomplete and poorly equipped; in fact, a mere shell which will be a disgrace to all concerned. The question to be decided is whether we can afford this? We think not.

LET THE PEOPLE DECIDE.

It is well that the City Council should submit to the taxpayers the proposed bond issues. As the Daily News has already said, whatever the citizens may think of the manner of contracting these bills, they must be paid by the city some time, and may be paid as well at one time as another. Inasmuch as they can, under existing financial conditions, be paid only by an issue of bonds, the matter must go to the people for final determination; and we see no reason why any question which is proper for the people to consider and decide should be held up and kept from them by the action of the City Council.

It is also well that the several propositions should be submitted separately, that each may stand or fall upon its own merits solely. Each of these propositions has more or less of merit, and will be supported quite generally throughout the city; some of the projects, however, will meet with a strong opposition, and may fail.

THE SEVENTEENTH OF MARCH.

The green trefoil is the emblem of today, sacred to the memory of one of the most lovable of saints. It is impossible to read the little of his authenticated work that is left us without seeing that he was a man of the sweetest and most devout nature. Whether born in Scotland or France, it does not matter. St. Patrick is associated only with the island whose patron saint he is, and the Irish emblem is the shamrock with the three leaflets used by him to illustrate the doctrine of the Trinity.

There are several plants that aspire to the honor of being the original shamrock, and so appears on the British coat-of-arms, clover, trifolium repens and trifolium procumbens, are the favorites. In England the wood sorrel is more generally known as the shamrock. But whatever was the original plant, it was trifoliate and so appears the British coat-of-arms, growing on the same stem with the thistle and rose, emblems of Scotland and England, as the cross of St. Patrick is combined with the crosses of St. Andrew and St. George on the British flag.

St. Patrick is believed to have been born about the end of the fourth century. "In the village of Bonnaven of Tabernia," he tells us himself, but it is disputed as to whether this was Kirkpatrick in Scotland or Boulogne in France. He died on the seventeenth of March, and, according to the most accepted chronology, after having lived his fourscore years. He evangelized Ireland, changing it from a heathen island into the "island of saints," as it was called in the centuries following his death. He was a saint to be proud of, and all Christians can well wear the shamrock in his honor and remembrance.

In England, as well as in Ireland, it is worn this seventeenth of March by every one who can get a bit of the plant. For Great Britain's famous men of the day are the Irish leaders in the field, and the Irish in the ranks have helped largely in bringing about the victories in South Africa. The baptismal name of St. Patrick was "Succath," meaning "brave in battle," and this is the reputation of the saint's converts and their descendants. Father Prout sang of his countrymen as

"An out and outer, to be let alone!
Don't hope to hinder him or to bewilder him,"

and the enemy on the battlefield invariably are made to feel the force of the advice.

From the Duke of Wellington down Irish names figure largely among the names of Britain's famous warriors. In every noble list of the sons and daughters of the United Kingdom it is the same, until one is made to think that the finest wit and bravery and beauty of Great Britain is the Irish wit and the Irish bravery and the Irish beauty. In London at this moment the Irish flag floats over the Mansion House, and the shamrock crowds out the rose and the thistle, and there is more chance of the mutual appreciation of the two peoples than has been known before.

THE UNION JACK.

Among the host of Americans reading of the entrance of the British forces into Bloemfontein there doubtless were many gifted with imagination to the extent of seeing the flag of Great Britain slowly climb the staff till now reserved for the flag of the Orange Free State, the yellow and white striped banner, with a cannon of red, white and blue in three stripes. And it is probable that only few pictured to themselves the flag that really went up to mark the British act of possession.

The Union Jack is somewhat rare in America. It flies over the British embassy in Washington, but the flag most seen here and generally regarded as the English flag, is merely the red ensign carried by the merchant vessels. This is never seen on a fort, a palace, a governor a man-of-war. It is one of the three naval building aside from a custom house. English ensigns, flags with white, red or blue fields with the Union in a canton. The white ensign has the cross of St. George in the field as well as in the canton, and is used by men-of-war and by pleasure yachts. This flag is not uncommon in Newport harbor. The other two ensigns differ only in the color of the fields. The blue belongs to vessels in the public service and to the naval reserve. It was flown by Sir Thomas Lipton, and hung from a Fifth Avenue window of his apartments in the Waldorf-Astoria last autumn, attracting attention from its rarity.

The military and land flag of Great Britain is the Union flag, commonly called the Union Jack. It is blue, bearing the three crosses of St. George, St. Andrew and St. Patrick, and is a combination of the flags of the three countries, the Scottish one being the foundation. The red English cross of St. George is blazoned on its blue field already marked with the cross of St. Andrew, a white saltier, or X-shaped cross, on which is the red saltier of St. Patrick. This is the flag that went up at Bloemfontein.

The Senate yesterday concurred with the House in the passage of the bill for the relief of Porto Rico, and so much of the difficulties of the Porto Rican question has been settled. The bill authorizes the President to use the sum of $2,095,455, being the amount of customs revenue received on importations by the United States from Porto Rico since the evacuation of Porto Rico by the Spanish forces on October 18, 1898, to the first of January, 1900, for "public education, public works and other governmental and public purposes" in Porto Rico. There are other matters concerning the island which will not be so easily settled.

A strong case of "love me, love my dog" was developed when they offered a poor old man the refuge in the Soldiers' Home in Washington to which he was entitled as having fought in the civil war and which he longed for. But Kaiser would have to be deserted, and the dog had saved the old man's life. He was reminded that to give up this chance for a mongrel dog was what not one man in a thousand would do for a human being, but he asked what human being would stick to him, and shiver and starve for the sake of the companionship of a miserable old man, as Kaiser had done, and the pair took to the road and a tramp life.

Hon. Arthur Sewall, who was Bryan's running mate in the Presidential contest four years ago, is an expansionist and hopes to see the Democratic party adopt an expansion plank in its platform this year. Mr. Sewall has been too long out of the country and has not had time since his return to learn that the Democrats cannot support Bryan and put an expansion plank in their platform. The two would not mix.

The friends of Harvard claim that it is the most religious college in the country, quoting Henry Drummond as having called it this after visiting 20 colleges here, and Phillips Brooks as saying that he knew of no community that equalled Harvard in attendance at voluntary religious services. The percentage of ministers graduated is said also to be very large, and beyond that of Yale or Columbia.

Sir Thomas Lipton's plans regarding the challenge for the America's cup, which have been discussed in the American papers, are not Sir Thomas's plans at all. He says that the reports are entirely without foundation, and that he did not send the cable despatch printed in a New York newspaper which bore his signature. He declines to say anything further than that he intends to challenge for the cup next August or September.

Chicago longs for a replica of the great equestrian statue of Washington just finished by French for the women who have planned the gift for Paris. The sculptor is willing to make the second statue for this country, but a Buffalo citizen has secured the refusal and Chicago must wait his pleasure, and perhaps lose.

It is again reported from Washington that the purpose of the United States government to acquire the island of St. Thomas for a reasonable consideration from Denmark has not been abandoned. The United States does not need any more islands; it has trouble enough in those already acquired.

Perhaps, if Christ were managing the Topeka Daily Capital this week, he would give credit for the articles which he clipped from other publications.

It begins to look very much as if there would continue to be "one vacant chair" in the United States Senate from Pennsylvania.

On the South Africa bowling alley Roberts seems to have "em "all down but one."

Another case of variola at Yale is causing some nervousness.

The Senate has again postponed the Quay case. Why not drop it altogether?

It's the wearing of the green today.

THIS GREAT COUNTRY.

There were 76,011,000 of us June 30, 1899, according to the estimate of population of the bureau of statistics published in the Statistical Abstract of the United States for the fiscal year ending on that date. The estimate for January 1, 1900, is 77,116,000.

It cost us $700,093,561 to run our government for that year, or just $9.21 apiece. It was the costliest year in our history. The War Department, which in recent years has called for only a little more than $50,000,000 annually, required $232,305,305, in 1899; but $16,082,541 of this was spent in improving rivers and harbors. The Navy Department cost $64,354,735, or about double the usual navy expenditure.

The total receipts of the government were $610,982,004, or at the rate of $8.04 per capita; and the deficit for the year was $88,111,566. The receipts from customs were $206,128,482 and from internal revenue taxes $273,437,102. The internal revenue receipts also exceeded the customs receipts in 1898. This happened also in 1894, when importations were checked by the money stringency and by impending tariff legislation, and during the years 1864-8, inclusive, when a multitude of internal revenue taxes had been imposed for the expenses of the civil war, when only the custom houses of the North were in the control of the government, and the ocean trade had been seriously interfered with by Confederate cruisers. But there is only one year in our history—1866—when the internal revenue receipts exceeded the figures of last year.

Persons with whom the doctrine of protection is a religion will view with great alarm the rise of internal taxes to be the chief revenue-producing feature of our fiscal system. It indicates a state of preparation for sweeping reductions in customs duties.

The public debt, less cash in the treasury, amounted to $15.29 per capita July 1, 1899, and the annual interest charge was 53 cents apiece. The cost of the pensions was $1.85 per capita.

The amount of money in the United States July 1 was $2,745,350,508, or $36.12 per capita; in 1892, the only year in which this amount in capita has been exceeded, the figures were $36.21. The amount of money in circulation—that is, outside the United States treasury, July 1—was $1,904,071,881, or $25 per capita, and this has never been exceeded. The circulation had risen to $25.08 per capita January 1. The gold coinage for the year amounted to $1.41 per capita, and the silver coinage to 36 cents.

We exported domestic merchandise to the value of $1,203,931,222, or $15.84 per capita. We imported $697,148,489, equal to $9.02 per capita, exclusive of merchandise re-exported. The excess of exports over imports was $529,874,815. The customs taxes collected on our dutiable imports amounted to 50.21 per cent ad valorem, the highest rate ever attained by our protective tariff makers.

We exported 65.37 per cent of our cotton, 32.07 per cent of our wheat and wheat flour, 9.21 per cent of our corn and corn meal—which is far too low, showing that our corn export trade needs development—and 45.73 per cent of our crude mineral oil. We retained for consumption per capita 27.14 pounds of raw cotton, 5.95 bushels of wheat and wheat flour, 22.98 bushels of corn and corn meal, 61.7 pounds of sugar, 10.55 pounds of coffee, 96-100 of a pound of tea, 1.15 proof gallons of distilled spirits, 14.96 gallons of malt liquors, and 35-100 of a gallon of wine. We retained for consumption 4.40 pounds of domestic and 32.8 pounds of foreign wools.

The tonnage of American shipping increased 2.41 per cent during the year, and 8.9 per cent of our exported and imported merchandise was carried in American ships, the lowest proportion in our history. An enlightened attempt to better this humiliating state of our shipping industry is making in Congress by a bill appropriating public money to hire men to build and run private steamers, while still maintaining prohibitory duties on the materials of shipbuilding.

The Postoffice Department collected $1.25 per capita, but spent $1.38. This deficit is caused by carrying at very low rates articles that are really merchandise, not mail.

Public school expenditure is steadily increasing. The figures for 1899 had not been compiled at the time the Statistical Abstract was issued, but the expenditure for 1898 was $9.04 per capita of the 21,400,000 of the population of school age—five to 18. This is the highest recorded ratio of expenditure for schools. —[New York Times.

STREET PEDDLERS OF CONSTANTINOPLE.

The Turkish cafe-ji, or coffee seller, is an omnipresent feature of Oriental life, and one has but to cry out "cafe-ji" without even taking the trouble to turn his head, and in a trice a tiny cup of Turkish coffee, black and full of sediment, is smoking hot before him. At noon business is particularly brisk for every clerk and every wayfarer desires to supplement his luncheon of bread and cheese, or bread and lettuce or garlic, with the beloved Leverage.

If at any time you desire to supplement your coffee with a morsel of delicious fish or a tender, juicy kebab, strung on a spit and broiled over a charcoal brazier in the open air, give but the word and the wandering kebab-ji will be only too glad to turn an honest penny and cook your dinner in the sight of all men.

The shoeblacks are perhaps the most persistent of all the street criers. If one has a stationary position he cements himself with beating a perpetual tattoo on his ornate brass stand, calling lustily meanwhile, "Lustrad-ji! Lustrad-ji!" But if he is a rover he follows a prospective customer for streets, imploring the public to look at those shoes so sadly in need of his attention.

Lastly but not least, in this kaleidoscopic procession of business men, comes the Turkish barber, whose repertory includes also the offices of chiropodist, dentist and leech. Setting up his umbrella in the shade of some friendly tree he is soon ready to attend to the needs of his patrons. Surrounded by an interested crowd of street gamins, he pulled teeth vi et armis, applies the wily leech with an enthusiasm beautiful to see, or rubs, lathers and scrapes his customer, who sits humbly on a stool holding a brass bowl by both hands under his chin. If the latter is a Turk and wishes his head shaved, the barber is careful to leave a tuft of hair unmolested on the top of his pate, long enough for the death-angel to grasp him by on his ascent to Paradise; while if he is to be shaved or have his nails cut the clippings are carefully preserved to be sent to friends as talismans.—[Self Culture Magazine for March.

"DAVID HARUM" STILL SELLING.

The four hundred and thirty-fifth thousand of "David Harum" is announced, and it is reported that the sales keep steadily on. Under the title of "David Harum in Figures" the New York Times Saturday Review has made some curious calculations, based on a production at that time of 425,000. To print that number of copies, 5,000 pounds of ink have been consumed, about 1,900 miles of thread have been used in the binding and 5,855 reams of paper, weighing 87 pounds a ream, have been needed for the book. The 425,000 copies represent 2,082,500 papermaker's sheets, each measuring 30½ by 41 inches. If placed end to end the books would extend over a horizontal route for about 50 miles. If placed one upon the other they would make a tower seven miles high. And so the interesting axioms might be multiplied. But perhaps the greatest achievement is the part played by the plates from which the book is being printed. Only one set has been used to print the 425,000 copies. Over a year ago, when certain signs indicated that "David Harum" was fast winning an extraordinary popularity, a second set of electrotype plates was cast, to be used in case of emergency; but so well has the printer done his work that this set has not as yet been pressed into service.

The New York Times will be published daily on the grounds of the universal exposition to be held at Paris.

Nervous, Despondent,

Physically Run-Down Men and Women

Take the greatest blood and nerve builder of the century, Dr. Hallock's Wonderful Electric Pills for weak, worn-out, nervous people. Used in private practice since 1818. Thousands restored to health and happiness. Sold at all wholesale and retail drug stores. $1 per box, 6 boxes $5. EMIL S. BLUMENKRANZ, 176 Thames St., Newport, R. I.

Advice on all diseases from specialists free. DR. HALLOCK DRUG CO., 110 Court St., Boston, Mass.

For Sale, Cheap, for Cash,
Second-hand Square Piano.
Address Box 13, Daily News Office.

Annual Meeting.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Proprietors of Island Cemetery Company will be held at the State House, Monday evening, March 19, 1900, at 7:30 o'clock.
HENRY C. STEVENS, Secretary.

THE CITY OF NEWPORT.

LIQUOR LICENSES.

OFFICE LICENSE COMMISSIONERS.
MARCH 9, 1900.

The BOARD OF LICENSE COMMISSIONERS of the City of Newport are now ready to receive applications from parties who intend to apply for license to sell spirituous and intoxicating liquors for the year beginning May 1, 1900. All applications, to insure action before the beginning of the license year, must be in the hands of the Commissioners by MARCH 26, 1900, and all licenses not paid for fifteen days after the date of their granting will be revoked.

Blanks may be obtained at the office of the Commissioners, Room 2, Mercury Building, or at Room 3, Aquidneck Bank Building.

No license will be granted to sell liquor in any place with windows or doors opening other than on a public traveled way until such windows and doors shall have been covered with wire screening or otherwise securely closed, excepting such places as are provided with tavern license from the Board of Aldermen of the City of Newport, and the location of all places to be licensed should be distinctly numbered.

By order of the Board of License Commissioners.
EUGENE G. O'NEILL, Clerk.

Newport Historical Society.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Newport Historical Society will be held on MONDAY EVENING, March 19, 1900, at 8 o'clock.
ROBERT S. FRANKLIN, Secretary.

CORRIGAN'S
BAGGAGE AND FREIGHT
EXPRESS,
Rear 173 Thames Street.

FURNITURE MOVING.
HEAVY TRUCKING.
Telephone 209-3.

For Rent Unfurnished Or For Sale.

The premises 40 Everett street; a substantial, well built house. Will sell at a moderate price or will lease. Apply to
R. C. DERBY,
188 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

From Washington

How a Little Boy Was Saved.

Washington, D. C.—"When our boy was about 16 months old he broke out with a rash which was thought to be measles. In a few days he had a swelling on the left side of his neck and it was decided to be mumps. He was given medical attendance for about three weeks when the doctor said it was scrofula and ordered a salve. He wanted to lance the sore, but I would not let him and continued giving him medicine for about four months when the bunch broke in two places and became a running sore. Three doctors said it was scrofula and each ordered a blood medicine. A neighbor told me of a case somewhat like our baby's which was cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. I decided to give it to my boy and in a short while his health improved and his neck healed so nicely that I stopped giving him the medicine. The sore broke out again, however, whereupon I again gave him Hood's Sarsaparilla and its persistent use has accomplished a complete cure." (Mrs. NETTIE CHASE, 17 K St., N. E.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, March 17, 8 A. M.—For New England—Fair tonight and Sunday; warmer Sunday in west portions; variable winds, mostly fresh southerly.

BOSTON AND VICINITY.

BOSTON, March 17, 8 A. M.—For Boston and vicinity—Fair weather tonight and Sunday; west to south winds.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

The storm of yesterday has passed off over the provinces, and today the weather of the country is fair and generally clear. The barometers have risen over the Gulf and south Atlantic states to 30.3 inches, but in the Northwest and West the pressure is generally lower. The temperature is generally lower in eastern districts; but in the western portion of the country it is warmer, with slowly rising temperature. Zero temperature prevails this morning in the central and upper lake region, but the conditions are becoming favorable for warmer weather in central and northern parts of the country.

J. W. SMITH,
Local Forecast Official.

LOCAL CONDITIONS.

March 17.	8 h	12 h	14 h
Temperature,	27	31	33
Barometer,	29.93	29.95	29.95
Wind,	W	SW	SW
Weather,	Clear	Fair	Fair

MINIATURE CALENDAR.

SATURDAY, MARCH 17.
Sun rises ..... 5 h 54 m
Sun sets ..... 17 h 53 m
Moon rises ..... 19 h 31 m
Length of day ..... 11 h 59 m
Day's increase ..... 2 h 02 m
High water ..... 3 h 10 m; 20 h 27 m

SUNDAY, MARCH 18.
Sun rises ..... 5 h 52 m
Sun sets ..... 17 h 54 m
Moon rises ..... 20 h 32 m
Length of day ..... 12 h 02 m
Day's increase ..... 2 h 03 m
High water ..... 3 h 45 m; 21 h 01 m

MONDAY, MARCH 19.
Sun rises ..... 5 h 50 m
Sun sets ..... 17 h 55 m
Moon rises ..... 21 h 33 m
Length of day ..... 12 h 05 m
Day's increase ..... 3 h 01 m
High water ..... 9 h 20 m; 21 h 39 m

TUESDAY, MARCH 20.
Sun rises ..... 5 h 48 m
Sun sets ..... 17 h 56 m
Moon rises ..... 22 h 34 m
Length of day ..... 12 h 08 m
Day's increase ..... 3 h 04 m
High water ..... 9 h 59 m; 22 h 20 m

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21.
Sun rises ..... 5 h 46 m
Sun sets ..... 17 h 57 m
Moon rises ..... 23 h 33 m
Length of day ..... 12 h 11 m
Day's increase ..... 3 h 07 m
High water ..... 10 h 42 m; 23 h 05 m

Moon's Phases.
Last Quarter, March 24, 0 h 36 m, E.
New Moon, March 30, 15 h 30 m, W.
First Quarter, April 6, 15 h 55 m, E.
Full Moon, April 14, 20 h 02 m, E.

NEW TODAY.

Cuticura; 4th page.
Lost—Muff; 7th page.
Wanted—Man; 7th page.
Shortness of Breath; 3d page.
John Rogers—Pianos; 3d page.
Simon Hart—New Books; 8th page.
Wanted—Girl for Housework; 7th page.
E. Griffith—Crescent Bicycles; 8th page.
Barney—Anything That's Musical; 8th page.
Historical Society—Annual Meeting; 4th page.

Changes of advertisements should be sent in the night before or early on the day of issue to insure insertion.

FOR SALE.

On Honyman Hill, a property containing a large Swiss villa, stable, greenhouses, bowling alleys and 22 acres of land.

Also another property containing a Queen Anne cottage, with stable, etc., and about 12 acres of land. Both are on the hill at an elevation of 120 feet, and command a fine view of the ocean at the south and Narragansett Bay on the north as well as the pretty valley running north and south just west of these properties. They can now be had at tempting prices and are also for rent.

HERBERT L. DYER,
TRAVERS BLOCK, Corner Bellevue Avenue and Bath Road.

Steam and Hot Water Heating,

Electric Bells, Burglar Alarms
Gas and Electric Lighting.

Philip F. Conroy,
TELEPHONE 272. 181 THAMES ST.

The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Co.

HENRY BULL, JR.,
Fire Insurance,
197 Thames Street.

For Sale.

Lot 45x30, on Elliott court, off Broadway, $900.
Lot 50x120, on Vernon avenue, $1,000.
Two-tenement property, Spruce court, (rented), $2,500.
Two-tenement property, 7 Extension street, (rented), $2,800.

HENRY BULL, JR.,
REAL ESTATE,
197 Thames Street.

Several Odd Wagon Wheels

IN SERVICEABLE CONDITION.
AND A NUMBER OF
Rain-water Hogsheads and Casks
FOR SALE BY
HENRY A. THORNDIKE,
65 & 67 BRIDGE STREET;
62 & 64 LONG WHARF.

The Daily News Job Office

Has every facility for doing any kind of
Commercial or Pamphlet Printing,
At short notice and at a reasonable price. Estimates given.

Jamestown Real Estate Agency.

Furnished Cottages for the season of 1900.

A. W. LUTHER,
REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Ferry Wharf, Jamestown, R. I.

EDWIN T. BANNING
Architect,
209 Thames Street.
ROOM 26.

A. O'D. TAYLOR.

Selling Prices of the Only Two Lots

Now on the market on the old Tocker lot, corner of Touro and Kay streets:
63x100 on Touro street, $8,500.
100x63 on Kay street, $9,000.
No finer position in Newport for professional men, or other gentlemen desiring permanent residence.
Telephone No. 320.
Office, 124 Bellevue Avenue.

BORN.

ANTHONY—In Middletown, 17th inst., a son to Mr. and Mrs. Alfred C. Anthony.

DIED.

GIBBS—At Coronado Beach, suddenly, 14th inst., Cornelius Van Schellyne Gibbs of San Francisco, and son of the late Governor William C. Gibbs of this city, in his 70th year.
HULL—In Hartford, Conn., 15th inst., Elizabeth, daughter of the late John and the late Lydia Hull, in her 99th year.
Interment at Hartford.
DELANEY—In Fall River, 10th inst., Ann, wife of Michael H. Delaney.
BROWN—In Fall River, 16th inst., Mary, widow of John Brown, aged 66 years.
JULIEN—In New Bedford, 15th inst., Lily Allen, wife of Matthew C. Julien.
GENDRON—In Fall River, 15th inst., Minnie, wife of Joseph Gendron, aged 22 years.
HARLOW—In New Bedford, 16th inst., Carrie A., daughter of George A. and Rebecca M. Harlow, aged 41 years.
WILLIAMS—In Fall River, 13th inst., Mary, widow of Peter Williams, aged 54 years.
WILKINSON—In Providence, 16th inst., Edward DeForest Wilkinson.
DAVIS—In Providence, 16th inst., Martha M., widow of Edwin C. Davis, and daughter of the late Miller and Mary Briggs of Coventry, in her 83d year.
MEREWETHER—In Providence, 15th inst., Annie E., widow of William Merewether, in her 58th year.
McCLELLAN—In Providence, 16th inst., Hugh McClellan, aged 77 years.
SANFORD—In Warren, 16th inst., Harriet Bradford, wife of Alexander G. Sanford, in her 70th year.
NICHOLS—At Norwood, 16th inst., George B. Nichols, in his 76th year.

ROBERT C. COTTRELL, Undertaker and Embalmer, 322 & 324 Thames street. Residence, 104 Mill street. Telephone at office and residence.

JAMES A. DUNPHY, Undertaker and Embalmer, graduate Massachusetts College of Embalming, 673 Thames street. Residence 5 Mount Vernon street. Telephone at office and residence.

"He that seeks finds." He that takes Hood's Sarsaparilla finds in its use pure, rich blood and consequently good health.

FOR SALE.

Portsmouth Shore Farm.

THE WILLIAM CARR ESTATE IN PORTSMOUTH SITUATE A LITTLE SOUTH OF PORTSMOUTH GROVE, CONTAINING 45 ACRES OF LAND AND FARM BUILDINGS. FOR PARTICULARS INQUIRE OF
SIMEON HAZARD,
SOLE AGENT, 91 BROADWAY,
NEWPORT, R. I.

New Arrivals.

Car Excellent Wheat ($1.25 per hundred, $23 a ton).
Car "Chicken" Cracked Corn (the nicest that can be milled).
Car Choice Winter Mixed Feed (direct from St Louis).
And a large invoice of all kinds of HAY SEED (fresh stock).

H. L. MARSH & CO.
Telephone 208.

MASSAGE.

Miss E. S. Peckham, Masseuse.
General and facial massage. Treatments with electricity if desired. Also Swedish movements. 15 Newport avenue.

Miss E. C. Dimock, Masseuse.
Refers to DOCTOR DOUGLAS GRAHAM, BOSTON, by whom was graduated. 205 Spring street. Telephone 875-4.

Dr. E. C. HOLLOWAY,
CHIROPODIST AND ELECTROLYSIAN,
Office, 79 Spring St., Newport, R. I. Open Evenings. Orders may be left at Seabury's Shoe Store.

TAYLOR, CARR & ANDREWS,
176 DEVONSHIRE ST., BOSTON.
Engineers and Contractors for Concrete Masonry.
ARTIFICIAL STONE,
Tar, Concrete and Asphalt Walk and Drives, Stable Floors, Water-Tight Cellars.
Wm. Shepley, Newport Agt.,
7 OAK STREET

ATTENTION!

Do not fail to stop in my
Flower Store, 234 Thames St.
Everything you buy will be fresh and first class.
Funeral and Wedding Work a Specialty
PRICES VERY LOW. H. J. HASS.

Just received, a car of
Choice Seed Potatoes.
G. M. LAVERY & CO., Market Square

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND.
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.
PROVIDENCE, MARCH 13, 1900.

Public Hearing.

The Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives will hear all persons interested in the bill entitled
"AN ACT FOR THE CONVEYANCE TO THE CITY OF NEWPORT OF CERTAIN LAND THEREIN BELONGING TO THE STATE"
in House Chamber, State House, Providence, on FRIDAY, March 23, 1900, at 2 o'clock P. M.
W. W. BLODGETT, Chairman.
ARTHUR A. RHODES, Clerk.
80 Weybosset Street.

CHAMPION'S LINE.
28 Kinsley's Wharf. Telephone.
Naphtha Launches, Sail and Row Boats.
TO LET BY HOUR, DAY OR WEEK.

IN ITS TRUE AND BEST SENSE.

Governor Rollins Asks the People of New Hampshire to Keep Fast Day.

CONCORD, N. H., March 17.—Governor Frank W. Rollins of New Hampshire has issued the annual proclamation, appointing Thursday, April 19, as Fast day, and calling upon the people of the state to observe it in its true and best sense. The proclamation in part is as follows:

"Instead of abolishing Fast day as a careworn and useless custom, I would call our people to a renewed appreciation of the real significance of the day.

"I would ask that a large body of men who seldom, if ever, cross the threshold of a church, kneel once more where they knelt as children, and see if the church has not a message for them. I believe that a single honest attempt to cast off the blinding and depressing influences of doubt and materialism, and to look at life once more through the clear, earnest eyes of youth and in the light of the faith of our fathers, would bring a solace and satisfaction like the benediction that follows after prayer."

PREPARED FOR A LONG FIGHT.

Quincy Granite Cutters Ridicule the Latest Offer.

QUINCY, Mass., March 17.—The striking granite cutters ridicule the latest offer of $2.40 as the minimum rate for an eight-hour day, from the manufacturers, and the leaders assert that if the manufacturers do not decide to grant 35 cents per hour, minimum, they will go back to the demand for $3 per day. The cutters say they are prepared for a long strike. Five thousand dollars in strike money was received here from the national union last night. Part of it goes to the strikers of West Quincy and the rest will be distributed here. The strikers are allowed $1 a day after the first six days.

The joint conference committees will meet Monday evening to discuss the situation.

BEHIND IN THEIR STUDIES.

Musical Clubs of Chicago University Ordered Disbanded.

CHICAGO, March 17.—The Record says: President Harper of the University of Chicago, impelled by the frequent reports of poor class work on the part of the members of the Glee, Mandolin and Banjo clubs, yesterday declared the clubs disbanded for the rest of the year. The immediate result of the proclamation of President Harper was a complete dissolution of the organizations and of the cancellation of the dates where the clubs had arranged concerts for their annual spring vacation trip. The edict of the president will also put an end to the plans of the musical organizations to make a tour of the South in May as contemplated.

WHITES AND BLACKS BEATEN.

People in a Georgia Town Ask Protection of Troops.

ATLANTA, Ga., March 17.—A special to the Constitution from Columbia, S. C., says: The station agent and other citizens of Neeces, Orangeburg county, telegraphed the governor at midnight, begging for troops to protect them from white regulators who had twice visited the town, beat people, white and black, and promised to return tomorrow and kill them. Work on the surrounding farms had been stopped and people driven from their beds. The governor telegraphed the sheriff to ride across the country with a posse and give protection till troops could be sent tomorrow if needed. The cause of the lawlessness is unknown.

LARGEST FOR YEARS.

Boston Board of Health Reports 341 Deaths for the Week.

BOSTON, March 17.—The board of health for the week ending today reports 341 deaths in the city, the largest number for the time in many years. The corresponding week last year showed a record of 195 deaths. There were 97 deaths due to pneumonia, 34 to consumption and 21 to the grip. Last week 10 deaths from the grip were reported. The increase is taken as an indication of the widespread prevalence of that disease.

STARTING A FIRE WITH GASOLINE.

Four Dead, One Fatally and One Seriously Injured.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, March 17.—Five dead, one fatally and one seriously injured resulted from an attempt to start a fire with gasoline here last night. George White used the fluid at James Weaver's residence and an explosion followed, the building was set on fire, and the inmates were covered with the burning fluid.

The dead are Philip Weaver, Roy Weaver, aged 14; Lefroy Weaver, aged 2; Tully Weaver, aged 3; George White, aged 35; fatally burned, Alice Weaver; seriously burned, James Weaver.

Governor Taylor Goes to Louisville.

FRANKFORT, Ky., March 17.—Governor Taylor left the state capitol today for Louisville, an escort of 20 soldiers accompanying him to the train. It is said he is preparing to buy a house near Louisville, out of the fund which is being made up by Republicans in this and other states, and which has reached a substantial sum.

JAMESTOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Last evening about 25 friends of Rev. and Mrs. W. D. Mackinnon called upon them, bringing a number of substantial presents. A pleasant evening was spent with games and music.

On account of the storm Thursday night, Conanicut Grange held its meeting last night. The town hall was being used by the minstrel company for a rehearsal and accordingly the meeting was held at Mr. W. H. Jones's restaurant in Smith's hall, where an oyster supper was served.

At the morning service at St. Matthew's Church, Rev. C. D. Burrows will give the last in the series of ethical sermons, the topic being "The Christian in Charity." The collection will be for the benefit of the St. Andrew's school at Barrington.

The usual services will be held at the Central Baptist Church. In the morning the pastor will preach on "Saintship" and in the evening on "How People are Divided."

Mr. George M. Soule is visiting in Westerly and Providence.

Mr. F. P. N. Tefft will return here next week to complete the removal of his goods from the Prospect House to his new hotel at Plum beach, and while here will be guest of Mr. and Mrs. Job. N. Tefft.

Mr. A. W. Luther of Boston was in town today.

Mr. Charles Easton is in Providence.

Mr. and Mrs. William P. Buffum were in town today.

Mrs. Stephen Goffe and family of Newport are guests of Captain and Mrs. Roderick McDonald.

TO PARADE IN FALL RIVER.

The Newport contingent for the St. Patrick's day parade in Fall River left here this morning on the 11 o'clock train. It included the Fort Adams band, the Robert Emmet Guards, the Hibernian Rifles, and Division No. 1, Ancient Order of Hiberuians, who made short street parade before leaving. The Newporters will participate in the parade, returning this evening. Quite a number from Newport went to Fall River to see the procession.

The weather, though a trifle marchy in feeling, was so very much more pleasant than expected when a St. Patrick's day parade is arranged for this locality that all interested were pleasantly disappointed. There is considerable "wearing of the green" about the streets, but it is nearly all of green ribbons, shamrocks being rather scarce at present.

FUNERAL OF S. T. HUBBARD.

The body of the late Solomon T. Hubbard was yesterday brought here from Utica, N. Y., for burial, accompanied by the daughter of the deceased and her husband, Mr. Robert Burch, and the only granddaughter of Mr. Hubbard, Miss Burch. The services took place this afternoon at the Belmont Memorial Chapel and were attended by the members of Rhode Island Lodge, No. 12, O. O. of O. F., of which the deceased had been a member for over 30 years. Rev. J. Frank Fleming of the Second Baptist Church officiated.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—This was pay day at the Newport naval station.

—Miss M. E. Tobin is attending the millinery openings in New York.

—Mr. Louis Ehrhardt, Jr., is sick in New York, where he went on business.

—Mr. H. B. Hanson of New York is visiting Mr. and Mrs. John O. Rogers.

—Mr. W. K. Vanderbilt's steam yacht Valiant has arrived at Palermo from Tunis.

—Mayor Boyle is to be one of the speakers at the St. Patrick's day dinner in Fall River today.

—Acting Gunner R. E. Simonson is detached from the Naval Training Station and assigned to the Richmond.

—Captain T. F. Jewell is assigned to duty as a member of the naval examining board at the Washington navy yard.

—Miss Florence N. Dawley has been spending a few days in Boston and Providence, attending the millinery openings.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. Warren Spalding and Miss Hodgson of New York, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Titus, returned home today.

—The wind this afternoon was so strong that the Block Island boat did not leave here. She arrived from the island this morning.

—Fishing steamer Spy, Gladding Brothers, which wintered at Spring wharf, has been taken to the Point, to be fitted for the scupping season.

—Simeon Hazard has sold for Joanna C. Weaver and others a cottage and about 2,700 square feet of land on the easterly side of Guerney court to Ernest J. Hinds.

—Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton McK. Twombly have left Palm Beach, Fla., and are at the Homestead Hotel, Virginia Hot Springs. They expect to return to New York next week.

—Pay Clerk T. J. Hoskinson, U. S. N., C. I. Knox, V. L. Burgess and E. W. Spier of New York; T. R. Gilman of Boston, G. J. Kilton of Providence and F. A. Tisdale of Burlington, Vt., are registered at the Perry House.

—Second Lieutenant J. S. Turrill, United States marine corps, who has been under instruction at the marine barracks at the Naval Training Station, has been ordered to New York to take passage on army transport Sumner for Manila.

—Lieutenant Colonel Edward Field, Third United States artillery, is directed to report to Major General William R. Shafter, president of the army retiring board appointed to meet at San Francisco, Cal., for examination by the board for retirement.

—Mr. Adolphus Duffany, who had been absent in the Klondike region for over two years, arrived home yesterday, in good health. He reports a varied experience of ups and downs, sickness, scurvy, etc., but succeeded before leaving in staking out a good claim, which if it proves as good as the indications show should yield him a fortune.

WORK FOR YOUNG MEN.

CONTINUED FROM THIRD PAGE.

was the last speaker, made a strong appeal in behalf of the new building for Newport, offering some suggestions as to how it may be secured, and referred to the work of the coming conference, saying the visiting delegates are here to get and to give.

This morning's session opened in the Association rooms with a devotional service conducted by W. D. Fellows of Fall River, and two papers were read, one by A. T. Stratton of Pawtucket on "The Need of Progressive Bible Study," and the other by E. G. Randall of Taunton on "The Unorganized Point." Mr. Randall's paper discussed the possibility of work by the Young Men's Christian Associations in the smaller places outside of the cities in which the Associations are located. The paper was discussed for fully half an hour, by State Secretary R. M. Armstrong, Rev. G. W. Mead, and Messrs. Fellows, Lantz, Essex and Franklin. Mr. Armstrong suggested the advisability of the several Associations in a district providing for a man who could go about in the smaller places to arrange Bible classes and work of various kinds along association lines, not with the intention of forming new Associations, which are not considered advisable in small places, but to make Christian workers.

The following delegates from out-of-town Associations are present: R. M. Armstrong and E. M. Robinson of Boston, A. B. McCrillis, Henry A. Slocomb and William W. Estes of Providence; W. D. Fellows, W. J. Davison, G. W. Fenniman and Charles R. Campbell of Fall River; E. G. Randall of Taunton, Hadley A. Burt of New Bedford, A. T. Stratton, Herbert E. R. Case and Andrew Thompson of Pawtucket; J. P. Lantz and A. M. Hall of Whitman, and George Essex of Attleboro. General Secretary Tisdale, William B. Franklin and John Vars represented the local association. Other delegates are expected this afternoon.

The afternoon session was held in the vestry of the Central Baptist Church, the devotional exercises being conducted by J. P. Lantz of Whitman. There were three papers, by W. J. Davison of Fall River on "Religious Work in the Physical Department," on "The Indoor Contest" by William Burdick of this city, and by William Knowles Cooper of Springfield on "To Every Man His Work." Mr. Burdick's paper was as follows:

In our attempts to get the best results from our gymnasium work, the place of competition seriously and often perplexes all of us. In dealing with our boys and young men, we continually find an intense interest in competitive games and athletics. It therefore behooves us to take advantage of all these instincts and use them in our efforts to develop Christian men.

In our local gymnasium this winter we tried a series of contests that proved quite popular, and though only experimental may become a basis for successful and more practical series in the future. These contests, on the whole proved well adapted to the local work, and I think are founded on principles that with slight modifications will be helpful elsewhere. Dr. Gulick is right in stating that "competition is psychological rather than physiological in its nature." Professor William James in his suggestive and stimulating "Talks to Teachers" says that imitation and emulation are among the strongest instincts of the human race. There must be a spirit of rivalry, if there is to be any progress. Rousseau not long ago and many men today say: "Put away competition between man and man and let the striving always be rather toward an improvement on one's self." That may be the ideal but only half a truth is stated, for man needs the struggle with others for his own best development. That men have allowed the desire for victory to control them to such a degree that they act ungentlemanly is no reason why we should give up this instinctive force; but, rather, should impel us to use it to help our work.

If we are really going to strengthen our young men, we must take them as they are and build upon their native tendencies. Life is a competition. Where there is no temptation, there is no virtue. If we can make it a part of the young man's nature to strive to be first in the high jump or in the quarter-mile potato race, in tumbling or in horizontal-bar exercise, it will show its results in his very character. The psychologist tells us that character consists of an organized set of habits or reactions. If our habit is to react according to our best knowledge, we will improve. So if we can by means of gymnastics or athletics teach others that success in their lives depends upon this, we shall certainly do well.

Clean competition is the basis of amateur games. No clean fellow cares to win a contest where he isn't "pushed" or when conditions have been unfair. It seems to me to be our duty to run contests and to help the League in keeping them pure and clean.

The "indoor tests," as planned by Dr. McCurdy, have been a helpful impetus to better work with us, and still continue to be the ultimate end of the gymnastic contests. Contests in athletics alone have been tried, when the scoring tables in the League Handbook were used; that is, a man who jumps 3 feet 6½ inches scores one per cent, he who jumps 5 feet 7 inches 10 points, each quarter of an inch counts a point. Of course our work in competitive athletics should include more events than only the high jump, three standing broad jumps and the quarter-mile potato race, although these are a very fair test of a man's athletic ability. Most new members take to athletics more quickly than to gymnastics, so we should try to graft an interest in the latter upon their athletic interests.

For these and other reasons to be commented upon our contests were both athletic and gymnastic, one event of each kind being held each evening for 10 successive Mondays. Bronze medals were given to the holders of the highest scores for the total of the whole series, one for gymnastics, the other for athletics. Each event had its individual prize in the shape of ribbons, three ribbons being given for each event; a blue ribbon being first prize, red second and yellow third. The ribbons had the name of the event printed on them, thus giving the winner a souvenir of the event. An attempt to give all-round character to the contests was made by having the following athletic events: One standing broad jump; running broad jump, standing hop, step and jump; running high kick, standing high jump, three standing broad jumps, running high dive, double kick, running high jump, quarter-mile potato race. These were intended to be also progressive, as were the following 10 gymnastic events: Buck, mat work, high (suspended) parallels, low horizontal bar, rings, marching and free work together, dumbbell drill, side horse, parallel bars, and horizontal bar.

The scoring was done according to the League "Handbook" in athletic events and according to "Indoor Test" rules for gymnastics. The athletic events were done as in an athletic contest, except that no limit was put to the number of jumps, kicks or dives one should make, as would be necessary when the number of contestants was very large. Each gymnastic event consisted of five exercises of those assigned at least a week in advance, covering the fifth grade of Ehler's book as far as possible, with my own dumbbell drill and Programs I to IV in Dr. Halsted's "Marching." The apparatus work had each exercise marked in a scale of 10 and the total was doubled. The judging was generally done by myself and an older member of the gymnasium who was acquainted with my requirements in the line of style, etc. I acted as referee, but was willing to yield to the majority in matters of opinion; for example, allowing a tardy contestant to jump at a lower height to get into form.

The interest in these contests is perhaps best shown by the following statistics: We started the series with 15 contestants and the last contest had nine gymnastic and 11 athletic entries. Of course, toward the end, the gymnastic work was harder, as that some who saw no chance of winning, as well as others from their natural lack of sustained interest, dropped out. The largest number of contestants any evening was 29 gymnastic, 30 athletic. The total attendance was 197 in athletics, 181 in gymnastics; an average of practically 20 in athletics and 18 in gymnastics. Athletics naturally draw new men more quickly, since most fellows have some idea how to jump and run, and perhaps have never seen parallel bars before. It seems as if, in their very nature, gymnastics must progress slowly, so I made ours fifth grade, all being comparatively simple exercises.

All told we had 45 different men compete in athletics, and 42 in gymnastics. When you consider that our membership is only between 70 and 75 you see nearly three-fifths of our members took part. The same men consequently were not in every contest, though naturally the best scores were made by those most regular in attendance. Each individual averaged four nights present out of the 10; three were present the 10 nights in gymnastics, two the 10 nights in athletics. That a goodly number had cause to be somewhat satisfied is seen by the results of the contests. In athletics there were 11 different winners of ribbons. The winner of the series had a score of 632.4 of a maximum total of 1,000. He won six ribbons, four firsts and two seconds, and was absent one night. He also won four gymnastic ribbons. Another man won six athletic ribbons, four seconds and two thirds, and three gymnastic ribbons. In gymnastics there were nine different winners. The winner of the series scored 780¼ points of a maximum of 1,000, winning four ribbons, one first, two seconds, and one third, as well as one athletic ribbon. Another member scored in nine nights 772.9, winning eight firsts and one second.

Many questions arise as one thinks of this scheme, and I have answered only a few. I hope you will let me make clear any point you may not understand. When contests are weekly, it puts a premium upon attendance. Besides, they also serve as an examination of the previous week's work. Every week seems almost too often, but there were more present the last five nights. Still, some have told me they found 10 weeks too long a stretch. I am now trying a five-week series of athletics alone, making them all handicap events.

It is impossible to cover all types of athletics and gymnastics in much less than 10 events. It seems as if, to be particularly helpful, the series must be all-round. I would rather have 10 men pretty good all-round than one crack-a-jack. I believe we are doing more good to the individual by making him first an all-round man, than letting him specialize. It seems as if all lines of education were hurrying men to specialize too early in their careers.

These contests were arranged so that they would dovetail into the "indoor test." I hope that these regular "indoor tests" will make our work uniform with that of other associations. It would be so much better if our physical work was more systematic, so that all of us should be doing a similar work and our certificates be interchangeable. We should use the present plan till a better is suggested.

When possible it is better to have some one to assist you in judging. It is fairer, not only because an average of two judgments is better, but also since an instructor knows what a man can and ought to do, and many times confuses this idea with what the individual has really done.

One other thing which kept up interest was the scoring system. After each contest every competitor's score was posted for the evening, and also the total score toward the 10-night prize. A book is kept with all the records each individual makes, so that at any time one can find out if he has improved over last month's or last year's record. This making of lists may become tedious and take considerable time, but pays for itself in increased interest.

working for, and particularly those who have to deal with the same men for a number of years. In the larger cities the personnel continually changes and interest is kept up by the enthusiasm of the new members who are continually crowding upon the heels of the old ones. In our smaller Associations, however, we must keep the same men interested by other means. These or similar contests are particularly helpful toward this result, for members have some standing to show for their efforts.

The program for this evening's session, also to be held at the Central Baptist Church, is as follows: Praise service, address on "The Man of Tomorrow" by E. M. Robinson of Boston, and a discussion of "The College Association," by Arthur O. Pritchard of Brown University from the standpoint of a student and by Rev. T. C. McClelland, Ph. D., from the standpoint of an alumnus, Dr. McClelland taking the place of Rev. E. H. Porter, who is prevented by illness from being present.

During the afternoon the house on Mary street which the Association will temporarily use as its home was open to inspection and was visited by many of the delegates.

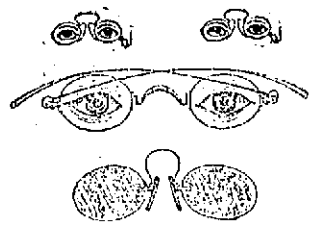
THE VANDERBILT TRUST FUND.

Argument was heard yesterday by the appellate division of the supreme court on the appeal against the order of Surrogate Fitzgerald taxing the $5,000,000 trust fund established by William H. Vanderbilt and distributed under the terms of the trust by the will of Cornelius Vanderbilt. At his death, September 12 last, Cornelius distributed the trust fund among his children, and in an appraisal of his estate the question was raised as to the liability of the trust fund to taxation. Counsel for the estate contended that the rights of the children were taxable under the transfer law, if at all, in the transfer tax proceedings which were had at the time of the death of William H. Vanderbilt, and that those rights cannot be taxed again.

Decision was reserved.

EVERYWHERE A FAVORITE.

The Wolford Sheridan company, which is to be at the Opera House next week in repertoire, is made up of clever people and includes Miss Mamie Sheridan Wolford, whose success during the past five years with this organization has been so marked that she has become a great favorite in all the cities played. "Cast Adrift" will be the opening play and the others for the week include "On the Mississippi," "The Pulse of New York," "The Smugglers," "The Brand of Cain," "The Heart of Arkansaw," "Lady Audley's Secret" and "The Power of the Cross." The company includes Joseph Eggerton, J. R. Keller, Frank J. Hilliker, Harry Bronson, C. D. Wilson, Gertrude Hilliker, Mae Sailor, H. D. Crosby, George Montserat, James O'Leary and W. T. Rowland.



A HANDFUL OF GLASSES will not help your eyesight

if you wear them all, unless your vision has been properly tested and the right lens fitted. That is just where the skill of an optician comes to your aid. If I test your eyes you will be sure of getting the right glasses, and will have pleasure and satisfaction in wearing them.

EXAMINATION FREE.

MUELLER, Scientific Optician, 180 Bellevue Avenue.

THE STRATEGY BOARD.

Secretary Long's order creating the policy or strategy board was published yesterday and caused considerable comment among officers on duty in Washington. The officers who will be members of the board under the provisions of the order will be Admiral Dewey, Rear Admiral A. S. Crowninshield, Captain C. D. Sigsbee, Captain C. H. Stockton, Captain Asa Walker and Lieutenant Commander C. H. Peters. Captain Henry C. Taylor and Captain F. E. Chadwick will be designated for membership on the board, and possibly Rear Admiral A. S. Barker, though the impression is that an officer of lower rank will be selected. Rear Admiral Sampson will not be a member of the board, according to the present intention of the department. The formation meets with the approval of Admiral Dewey, who was willing to perform duty which did not greatly interfere with his movements.

Officials of the Navy Department do not hesitate to say that the result of the formation of the board will be that it will relieve some of the bureaus of at least a part of their duties, though the order announces war measures to be the object of its creation. It will determine upon the character of manoeuvres in which squadrons will engage, prepare plans of offense and defense, determine upon the points at which ships shall be stationed in time of war and advise the Secretary as to the shipping policy to be followed.

In the House Today.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—In the House today Mr. Kapin of California called up a bill to provide for the purchase by the Keeluk Packing Company of a strip of land in Alaska used by the company for the past 20 years. The bill was passed.

Mr. Brick of Indiana called up a bill to relieve the superintendent of the military academy at Mexico, Mo., from loss on account of the destruction of government rifles by fire. This bill was also passed.

Mr. Burkett of Nebraska then presented resolutions in memory of the late Monroe L. Hayward, a Senator from Nebraska.

A Compromise, and No Strike.

MASSILLON, Ohio, March 17.—A compromise has been reached at the miners and operators' conference here, and as a result there will be no strike in this district during the present year. The miners withdrew their demand for a 10 cent differential and also the four cent increase for thin vein work. The miners get a slight increase on "room turning" and "break throughs."

Burned to Death in a Barn.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 17.—Louis Schmurstin, a teamster, was burned to death in a fire which destroyed the barn and adjoining sheds at No 83 A street early this morning. Five horses also were cremated.

Intended for the Coal Trade.

THOMASTON, Me., March 17.—Washington Bros. today launched schooner John E. Devlin, which will engage in the coal trade between Philadelphia and the West Indies. The Devlin registers 1,107 tons gross and will be commanded by Captain E. L. Hichborn.

Decrease in Bank Clearings.

NEW YORK, March 17.—The total clearings of all the bank clearing houses in the United States for the week ending today were $1,671 030,506, a decrease of 10 8 per cent over the corresponding period of last year.

Glenwood Ranges

HAVE FOR 80 YEARS ON THEIR MERITS SOLD THEMSELVES.

Walsh Bros.

222 THAMES STREET,

ARE THE AGENTS.

FOR SATURDAY ONLY.

Legs of Mutton, 12 cents per lb.

Fresh Eggs, 20 cents per doz.

Also 2 lbs. Mutton Chops for 25 cents.

H. F. ROONEY'S,

251 THAMES STREET.

PRINTING AT DAILY NEWS JOB OFFICE.

THE QUAKER BATH CABINET.

Turkish or Vapor Baths in your own house,

IT IS THE ONLY BATH WHICH PRESERVES HEALTH.

PREVENTS COLDS, FEVERS, LA GRIPPE AND DISEASE.

There is no man, woman or child in the world whom Turkish and vapor cabinet baths will not benefit.

A $12 BATH CABINET FOR ONLY $5.

LANDERS & SON,

167 Thames Street. Covell's Block

AGENTS FOR NEWPORT.

Fresh Table Eggs.

LANDERS & PECKHAM,

142 THAMES STREET.

Telephone 136-5.

Alteration Sale!

In order to immediately make room for proposed extensive alterations in our establishment, we are closing out our stock of

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, TINWARE, etc.,

AT CUT PRICES.

THE **BARGAINS**

We are offering are well worth taking advantage of. CALL IN and look them over.

Levy's

76 BROADWAY.

Caswell, Massey & Co.,

NEW YORK AND NEWPORT.

Pure Distilled Water,

50c. for five gallon carboy.

This water is absolutely pure and is used in making all our mineral waters. Obtained first from a deep artesian well, it is converted into steam, condensed, and aerated.

All Foreign and Native Waters on Hand.

SIPHONS OF SODA, VICHY, LITHIA, SELTZER, $1.50 a doz.

PRESCRIPTION DEPARTMENT A SPECIALTY. NIGHT CLERK IN ATTENDANCE.

Heavy goods delivered at 12 M. and 5 P. M. Special messengers at all hours.

212 Thames St., Cor. Church St.
6 Casino Building.
Hotel Thorndike, Jamestown.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

Opera House.

One week, commencing

Monday, March 19.

—THE—

Wolford-Sheridan Company,

Presenting Famous Plays.

REPERTOIRE:

Monday Night,	"Cast Adrift."
Tuesday Matinee,	"The Power of the Cross."
Tuesday Night,	"The Russian Spy."
Wednesday Matinee,	"Lady Audley's Secret."
Wednesday Night,	"On the Mississippi."
Thursday Matinee,	"A Soldier of Africa."
Thursday Night,	"The Power of the Cross."
Friday Matinee,	"The Heart of Arkansaw."
Friday Night,	"The Brand of Cain."
Saturday Matinee,	"The Smugglers."
Saturday Night,	"The Pulse of New York."

VAUDEVILLE FEATURES BETWEEN ACTS.

PRICES: Evening—10c., 20c. and 30c. Matinee—10c. and 20c.

ST. MARY'S HALL,

LEVIN STREET.

Saturday Evening, March 17,

"Lights and Shades in Human Character."

—Wit, humor and instruction without measure, making an entertainment of most unusual merit

By Rev. J. A. McCallen, S. S.

Tickets, 50c. and 35c. For sale at the Presbytery and at the Hall.

Dent's Kid Gloves

Cost $17.35 per dozen in New York. We sell them for $1 37 per pair.

All our Furnishing Goods must be sold and our prices are right to sell them.

W. C. LANGLEY & SON

174 THAMES STREET.

WATER.

Persons desirous of having water introduced into residences or places of business should make application at the office of the Newport Water Works, 6 West Marlborough street. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 2 P. M.

Brookfield Farm Eggs,

5 dozen for $1.

Brookfield Farm Cream, very thick and heavy, 30c. a jar.

Diamond Creamery Butter, 3 1-2 lbs. for $1.

—AT—

BROWN'S MARKET.

NEWPOR[illegible]

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Offer of Intervention Causes Inward Irritation.

[Copyright, 1900, by the Associated Press.]

LONDON, March 17.—Between the lines of the politely-worded editorial comments on President McKinley's expression of willingness to aid in the restoration of peace between Great Britain and the Boer republics can be discerned many evidences of an inward irritation which the less responsible public does not hesitate to outwardly express, while even members of the government privately display pique that of all powers America should have consented to assume what one official designated as the "ungracious role of suggesting some form of interference," to which he added this expression: "Englishmen cannot help contrasting the perfect correctness of the attitude of openly-unfriendly France with the offer of the United States, which, if it had come from a less disinterested source, could only have been regarded as an unfriendly act."

There is no doubt that the overtures of the United States, even though so carefully worded, have sensibly irritated Great Britain as a whole. Englishmen who are especially friendly to the United States express open regret at the opportunity offered to critics to compare the refusal of M. Delcasse, the French minister of foreign affairs, to gratify the hostile sentiment in France by making proposals to Lord Salisbury which were sure of rejection, with what they testily call the "interference" of Washington, and which, though only tentative and clothed in words of perfect friendliness and courtesy, came at an inopportune moment, when the supreme self-sufficiency of the British empire is the predominating feeling of the day.

Everywhere one hears expressions of satisfaction that, while the answer to the proposal was clothed in words of perfect courtesy, the language of Lord Salisbury in "brushing aside" President McKinley's proffer was so extremely definite as to kill all possibility of a repetition of the offers from any source, unless those proposing them are desirous of being recognized as openly antagonistic to this country. Emphasis is laid on the fact that Great Britain declared at the outset her unwillingness to consent to any outside interference and, therefore, as according to the well-established principle of international law that the right of intervention is conditional on the willingness of both parties to the quarrel to accept the good offices of a mediating power, such interference was, in this case, outside the bounds of diplomatic possibilities and gave Lord Salisbury full justification for his "retort courteous."

Outside the high international politics, Ireland and the shamrock largely monopolize the attention of London. The internecine strife in the Nationalistic ranks engendered by the Dublin corporation's address to the queen and the bitterness rent in loyalist circles in Ireland at the outward exhibitions of disrespect of Her Majesty keep the officials guessing as to what is likely to occur at the Irish capital next month. An official in the office of the chief secretary for Ireland, Mr. Gerald Balfour, said he was not surprised that the Nationalists opposed the address of welcome, "which, necessarily, was either hypocrisy or a lie, in addition to which it would go far to stop the flow of American contributions."

Speaking of the queen's visit, the same official said he had little doubt that "wigs would litter Dublin green" before the visit was concluded.

In the meantime St. Patrick's day is being observed throughout the United Kingdom as never before. The supply of shamrock is quite insufficient to meet the demands.

The new yacht built for the queen in the government dock yards, at a cost of about $2,500,000, will probably never be used by Her Majesty. Her instability, so palpably demonstrated at the time of her undocking, has caused the queen to take a strong dislike to the vessel, and the alterations necessitated so materially reduced her comfort and convenience that it is believed they will render the vessel unsuitable for the purpose originally intended. The probability is that the yacht will ultimately be re-named Enchantress and converted into a despatch boat for the use of the admiralty.

A quaint, venerable lady, who might, to all appearances, have just stepped out of a Goldsmith comedy or a Gainsborough picture, died this week in the person of Lady John Scott Spottiswoode, the composer of "Annie Laurie" and other familiar melodies. She was 91 years old, and aunt of the Duke of Buccleugh and closely related to the late General Wauchope.

Of the $2,000,000 which the government purposes to spend in developing the volunteers $250,000 will be spent, at the rate of $10 per man, to encourage each regiment to form a company of bicyclists. Lord Lansdowne, the secretary of war, and Mr. George Wyndham, the Parliamentary secretary for the war office, both ride the wheel and know from personal experience what can be done with the machine on the fine English roads. Of course they do not expect the soldiers to use the wheels on the South African plains or in the Indian hill country, but they aver that in assembling for home defense and in concentrating at any point on the coast battalions of bicyclists could transport themselves, their arms, ammunition and rations with less fatigue and with as much speed as though on horseback. A volunteer trained to the use of the bicycle, they claim, would have at hand for instant use the means of reaching, by a direct road, a point of mobilization possibly 20 to 50 miles distant. With a bicycle it would be as though a charger stood ready saddled at the volunteer's door.

A Card.

The undersigned hereby agrees to refund the money on a 25-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold the 25c guarantees a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory, or money refunded.

PAUL S. BUDLONG.

LIPTON ASKED TO WAIT.

Glasgow Fears His Challenge Will Hurt Its International Regatta.

NEW YORK, March 17.—The executive committee of the Glasgow International Exhibition has appointed a deputation to ask Sir Thomas Lipton to postpone his next challenge for the America's cup for one year, says a London cable. The postponement will be asked that the match may not interfere with the proposed international regatta, which will be held on the Clyde in 1901, under the auspices of the Glasgow exhibition. A cup valued at $2,500 will be offered as a prize to the winner of the regatta.

AT THE RISK OF HIS LIFE.

Kenoska High School Student Saves the Building from Burning.

KENOSKA, Wis., March 17.—Louis Ferry, a student in the high school in this city, risked his life last night to save the building from destruction by fire. A crowd of 600 people had gathered at the building to listen to an oratorical contest and at the close the explosion of a lamp caused the stage to be wrapped in flames. People rushed from the hall panic-stricken, trampling each other down in their hurry to get out of the building. Young Ferry, at the peril of his life, went into a narrow space between the floor and stage and extinguished the flames. The young man was badly burned.

BADLY MIXED.

Relationships Involved in Marrying a Son's Wife's Sister.

NEW YORK, March 17.—George H. Creed, a member of the Queen's county board of supervisors, from the town of Jamaica, has become brother-in-law to his own son by marrying his son's wife's sister, a Miss Stoothoff of Jamaica. While Creed is brother-in-law to his own son and father-in-law to his sister-in-law, his wife becomes mother-in-law to her own sister and also sister-in-law to her stepson.

Should both couples have children the relationship will be further complicated. The children of the elder Creed will be both aunts and nieces to their cousins, the children of the younger Creed. Then, the elder Creed and his wife will serve in the dual relationship of grandfather and grandmother and uncle and aunt to young Creed's children, while young Creed and his wife will be both uncle and aunt to their own stepbrothers and sisters.

Miss Terry in New York.

NEW YORK, March 17.—Miss Ellen Terry has reached New York from Toronto, where she has been ill. She will appear in "Robespierre" at the Knickerbocker Theatre Monday night.

Been Hiccoughing for Six Days.

LYNN, Mass., March 17.—John McMillan, of Hardscrabble, Penn., has hiccoughed without ceasing for six days and nights, and physicians are unable to check it, although all kinds of remedies have been tried. Unless the hiccoughing is stopped physicians despair of saving Mr. McMillan's life.

Rhode Island Pensions.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—Original—William A. Church, Warren. Additional—Charles A. Bowen, Warren. Increase—Charles E. Williams, Providence.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Alderman Joseph Haire has returned from New York.

—Detective Richards is in Providence on official business.

—Mr. F. M. Smythe of New York is here for a few days.

—Mr. Edward R. Wharton is at the Muenchinger-King cottage.

—Dr. W. T. Bull of New York has been spending a few days here.

—"Marietta Villa" is being put in order for a fashionable boarding-house.

—Mr. L. G. Savage has returned from a 10 days' visit to Boston and elsewhere.

—Judge W. W. Douglas will go abroad July 7, to remain until the last of September.

—Miss Sara Wray of New York will speak at The Beacon, West Broadway, this evening at 7:45 o'clock.

—Mr. F. S. G. d'Hauteville's horses and carriages have arrived for the season. Mr. and Mrs. d'Hauteville are abroad.

—Mr. R. F. Cutting and Mr. Seth Barton French were among the bearers at the funeral of Mr. C. H. Coster in New York yesterday.

—Mrs. Elizabeth Wheeler is spending a few days in Boston as guest of Lieutenant and Mrs. George Grant Mitchell, U. S. N.

—The Havemeyer villa will be occupied next summer by at least two of Mrs. Havemeyer's daughters and their families. Mrs. Havemeyer will remain abroad.

—Rev. Byron Gunner of this city will speak before the Pawtucket Young Men's Christian Association tomorrow, on "The Religious Conditions and Needs of the New South."

—Mr. F. L. Sutliff will leave tonight to attend the funeral of his mother, who died last night at McDonough, Penn., where she was visiting, her home being at Susquehanna, Pa. Mr. Sutliff is her only child.

—Mr. H. F. Brown, chemist at the Torpedo Station, lectured on "Torpedo Explosives" last evening at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Boston, before the Northeastern Section of the American Chemical Society. The lecture was illustrated by a large number of interesting exhibits and lantern slides.

—The work of tearing down the Tooker house on Kay and Touro streets has reached the foundation, so that now but little remains to be done except to remove the foundation walls. Even the chimneys are down, the remains of one fireplace alone projecting above the first floor. The stable, about the moving of which there was so much talk, is still where it was.

SHELDON GOING ABROAD.

Will Preach His Gospel of Practical Christianity.

Rev. Charles M. Sheldon has obtained eight months' leave of absence from his church here and will preach his gospel of practical Christianity in England and throughout the United States, organizing Sheldon bands, to apply the teachings of Christ to the life of every day. This is the significant feature of an interview obtained with Mrs. Eliza Wilson Bowman of Topeka, who has been perhaps the chief influence in the fame and success of the author of "In His Steps."

It was she who, it is declared, furnished the funds for the publication of the story, in book form; who has aided the preacher financially in his work for the negro colony of Tennessee Town, and who supplied the money, $5,000, to build the addition to his church which is used chiefly for a kindergarten.

There is no doubt, such is her interest in him and his new gospel, that she would stand ready to aid him in establishing a Christian daily newspaper in the East, if he should ultimately decide to embark in such an enterprise, and it is surmised that she will supply funds, if necessary, to help the movement for the organization of Sheldon bands, to which, by the way, the week's experiment in journalism, with all the world looking on, has been a cleverly designed preliminary.

Mrs. Bowman is a widow and very wealthy. Her husband was T. E. Bowman, a real estate and loan broker in Topeka, who left his entire fortune to her. She is the head and front of women's reform work in this section. Her handsome home fronts the capitol grounds, and in its furnishings is a model of domestic comfort of the refined, and not ultra-expensive sort. She is about 60 years of age, tall and graceful in figure, with hair almost white, combed smoothly back from her forehead, a wonderfully pleasant voice, and a smile that discloses a sufficient reason for her success with the little ones of the kindergarten.

"Mr. Sheldon," she said, "will start for England May 1. He will devote two months to speaking and organizing the movement of practical Christianity in that country and will then return to the United States, where he will establish headquarters in some Eastern city and continue the work of speaking and organizing in every state in the Union.

"Mr. Sheldon has decided upon this course after long and prayerful consideration. He realizes that it means the breaking up of his home in Topeka, and probably the severance of all the ties that connect him with the church, the parish and the charities which he has built up, and which have become a part of his life. He also feels that the new work will necessitate long absences from his wife, who will be forced to remain in a new home with their young child. It has been for him a period of the keenest suffering, and he has spent many hours in prayer, hoping that he might receive some direct guidance as to the course he should pursue. At last the call came to him so unmistakably that all doubt was cast aside.

"In deciding upon this course Mr. Sheldon has sacrificed wealth and what many might consider a wider fame than he will now be able to achieve. He has had pulpit offers from many Eastern cities where the salaries are princely compared to anything he has ever earned or may expect to earn; he has received many propositions from Eastern newspapers to assume editorial charge of their columns for short periods, one paper having offered him $15,000 for the work of a week. Publishers have attempted to induce him, by putting forth large financial temptations, to quit the ministry and devote himself exclusively to the production of books.

"But, on the other hand, has arisen the cry of the multitude. From England, Scotland, Wales, even from Denmark, have come countless appeals to him to visit these lands and preach the new religion, and from every state in the Union a similar prayer has reached him. He feels now that against such a demand from the masses he cannot conscientiously weigh his selfish interests. He is enlisted for the good of the people, and he will fight that battle to the end.

"Most of us recognize, I think, that this is a time of religious revolution, that the masses are breaking away from the old creeds, and that if some one does not put a new faith firmly under their feet, disaster to Christianity is likely to ensue. That faith, I am confident, Mr. Sheldon has found in practical Christianity—the application to daily life of the principles and teachings of Jesus Christ."

It is no secret among Mr. Sheldon's friends that he has grand dreams of socialism. A conspicuous position of his paper so far has been devoted to the exposition of socialistic theories by such doctrinaires as were within the range of possible contributors, and he has many more such articles in manuscript or in type. His tendency in this direction had become so evident that he was asked if he endorsed these socialistic doctrines.

"I do," he answered, "in a measure. Put the word 'Christian' before the 'socialism' and read the Sermon on the Mount and you will have my belief."

He is particularly devoted to the Christian Endeavor Society, and, it is said, expects that organization to fall in line for the new religion. There was considerable speculation over his reason for making so marked an attempt in his paper to obtain a fund for the relief of starvation in India. To some the news of his contemplated proselyting tour of England offers an explanation of this mystery. The Christian Endeavorers in that country are making a strenuous effort for that fund, and the movement is receiving its chief encouragement among the classes which Mr. Sheldon especially desires to reach.—[Topeka despatch in New York World.

THE TRADES.

Stoddard & Cladding,
COTTAGE ARCHITECTS AND BUILDERS.
Plans for interior and exterior alterations.
Wood mantels of all descriptions.
Hardwood floors laid and waxed.
Sole agents for Berger's Classified Metal Ceilings.
SHOP, REAR 13 POPLAR STREET.

GODDARD & BARLOW,
PRACTICAL
Tinsmiths and Metal Workers.
Work done at reasonable rates. Tin roofing and general jobbing.
REAR 192 THAMES STREET.

Floor Tiles.
J. B. COTTRELL,
Marble and Granite Worker
Work done in the best manner.
ARNER STREET. Opposite Island Cemetery.

M. A. McCORMICK,
Carpenter & Builder.
ESTIMATES GIVEN AND JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
Office and Residence, 31 Dearborn St.
Telephone.

Charles H. Burdick & Sons,
CONTRACTORS and BUILDERS.
JOBBING A SPECIALTY.
Shop, Rear 23 Howard Street.
Office 43 Howard Street.
P. O. Box 125. Telephone.

Smith Bosworth & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
DOORS, SASH, BLINDS,
WINDOW FRAMES, ETC.
WEST BROADWAY.

U. G. NASON,
Copper, Tin, Sheet Iron and Furnace Work.
Tin Roofing and General Jobbing promptly attended to.
12 WEST BROADWAY.

TAYLOR & HOWARD,
House Painters and Decorators,
14 WEAVER AVENUE.

Does Your House Need Painting?
IF SO IT DOES NOT PAY TO LET IT GO. SEE URLEY ABOUT IT.
CROSS AND BRIDGE STREETS.

P. J. MURPHY,
Practical Plumber,
OFFICE AND SHOW ROOMS
161 & 165 Spring St.

Slag Roof.
IT IS THE BEST ROOF KNOWN FOR FLAT SURFACES.
Warranted to last not less than 15 years and in over 700 years. Made with 5-ply, tarred between and tar and gravel on top.
Estimates cheerfully given.
GEO. O'BRIEN, Roofer,
26 Bellevue Ave. and Prison St.
Also special low prices on slate roofing.

MICHAEL KIRBY,
Contractor and Builder,
Corner Homer and Garfield Streets.
ALL WORK DONE IS FIRST-CLASS AND PLEASES PATRONS.
GIVE ME A TRIAL ON A HOUSE, STABLE OR ANYTHING.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

W. H. COFFIN,
Carpenter and Builder,
Langley's Wharf, Opp. Postoffice.
RESIDENCE 99 BROADWAY.
Jobbing promptly attended to.

F. A. ALLAN, JR.,
Contractor and Builder.
Residence and Shop, 15 Gibbs Ave.
TELEPHONE CONNECTION.

Removal!
LINCOLN HAMMETT & CO.
HAVE REMOVED THEIR PLACE OF BUSINESS FROM 71 MILL ST. TO
32 MILL STREET.
Bells of all kinds put in and repaired.

INSTRUCTION.

Do You Wish a Good Business Position?
There are places for all who are capable. We will prepare you for a good position and help you get it too. Expense moderate. You can begin any time. Sessions day and evening. Call or write.
NEWPORT BUSINESS COLLEGE,
1 Washington Square.
A. M. STERO, Prin

MISS OPITZ,
Of Dresden and New York, offers her services as
Instructress in Piano and German
Pupils taught Piano in the German language if desired. Children's classes formed. Address 11 Clarke street. Refers to former patrons in Newport and New York.

Alfred G. Langley, A. M.,
PRIVATE TUTOR.
Piano Instruction and Accompanying.
School Street. Call from 1:30 to 3 P. M.

He Lost His Train

Because his watch deceived him. Every watch, no matter how fine, needs a general overhauling once in awhile, to keep it in good running order. We make a specialty of repairing fine watches and jewelry, the re-setting of precious stones, which we do in the best style of the watchmakers' and jewelers' art at
Wm. O. Glazier's, 96 SPRING ST.

SECOND-HAND
2-Horse Lumber Wagon
FOR SALE.
J. H. Bachelier, Langley's Wharf.

TRAVELERS' DIRECTORY.

New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.

EASTERN DISTRICT.

Time tables showing local and through train service between all stations may be obtained at all ticket offices of this company.

On and after Oct. 30, 1899, trains will leave Newport for Boston, Terminal station, week days, 7:00, 8:20, 9:30, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00, ₵9:15 p. m. Return, 6:42, 8:42, 10:42 a. m.; 12:42, 3:48, 4:42, ₵8:00, 9:42 p. m. MIDDLETOWN AND PORTSMOUTH, 7:00, 9:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00, ₵9:15 p. m. PORTSMOUTH GROVE (flag stop), 7:00, 9:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. BRISTOL FERRY, TIVERTON, FALL RIVER and TAUNTON, 7:00, 8:20, 9:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00, ₵9:15 p. m. MIDDLEBORO, 8:20, 11:00 a. m., 3:00, 5:00 p. m. HYANNIS, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. PROVINCETOWN, 3:00 p. m. PLYMOUTH, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. NEW BEDFORD, 8:20, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. FITCHBURG, and Stations on Northern Division, 8:20, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. LOWELL, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. COTTAGE CITY, 11:00 a. m. PROVIDENCE, 7:00, 8:20, 9:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. Return, 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m.; 1:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, and 8:30 p. m.

SUNDAYS for BOSTON, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00, 5:00 p. m. Return, 6:27, 8:15 a. m.; 12:15, 1:28 p. m. For PROVIDENCE, 7:30, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00, 5:00 p. m. Return, 7:30, 9:30 a. m.; 1:30, 5:30, 9:00 p. m. For PORTSMOUTH GROVE, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00, 5:00, ₵9:15 p. m. For MIDDLETOWN, PORTSMOUTH, BRISTOL FERRY, TIVERTON, FALL RIVER, SOMERSET, DIGHTON, NORTH DIGHTON, WEIR VILLAGE and TAUNTON, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00, 5:00, ₵9:15 p. m. NEW BEDFORD, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 5:00 p. m.

a Boat from Fall River.
c Wharf Station.
A. C. KENDALL, Gen'l. Pass. Agent, Boston.
C. PETER CLARK, Gen'l. Supt., Boston.

OFFICIAL TIME TABLE.

Newport & Fall River Street Railway Co.

Leave Fall River for Newport—*7:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 a. m.; 12:45, 1:45, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, *9:45, *10:45 p. m.

Leave Newport for Fall River—**7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15, 11:15 a. m.; 12:15, 1:15, 2:15, 3:15, 4:15, 5:15, 6:15, 7:15, 8:15, 9:15, *10:15 p. m.

* To Portsmouth car house only.
**Not run Sunday.

Subject to delays, changes and corrections without notice.

Office at Portsmouth, R. I., is connected with long distance telephone. Special cars may be had upon application at the office of this company or at the office of the Globe Street Railway Co., at Fall River.

R. S. GOFF, General Manager.

For Block Island.
Steamer G. W. Danielson, Captain Dodge, will leave Commercial wharf Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 1:00 p. m. Returning, leave Block Island Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 8 a. m., weather permitting.

Farmers' Headquarters,
THE GEO. A. WEAVER CO.,
NEWPORT, R. I.
Just received, seven carloads of the noted
"Swift Sure" Fertilizer
and one carload of SEED POTATOES, which are in cellar ready for delivery. This stock is fine. Our prices for cash trade will surprise you.
We have two carloads of POTATOES to arrive about the 20th inst.
Field Seeds.---
A full line of Clover, Timothy and Cleaned Red Top, which we own at very low prices and offer on small margins for cash.
Remember, we meet all competition in prices while our stock is the choicest. A full line of GARDEN and FLOWER SEEDS. PLOWS, CULTIVATORS, HARROWS and everything for the farm. A solid disc HARROW for $19, if you see it up. This would be cheap at $22 in these times.
5-tine FORKS for 85c. 6-tine FORKS for 95c., worth more money but we want your trade.
A full line of HARNESS at prices to suit.

The ZAZA CORSETS.
Full lines in all colors and sizes now in stock.
The most popular corsets ever put on the market.
50c. per pair.
Wm. B. Sherman, Jr.,
221 THAMES STREET.

Seed Potatoes and Fertilizer.
My celebrated Chittenden's Potato Fertilizer has arrived.
My first car of Maine Seed Potatoes consisting of Early Rose, Early Northern, Queens, White Rose, Beauty of Hebrons and Early Fortune will arrive about the 19th of this month. Please call in and look at my stock before purchasing elsewhere.
Do not forget that I have all kinds of strictly fresh and reliable vegetable and garden seeds.
My Sweet Peas consist of thirty different varieties.
90 Bowdoin. H. L. DEBLOIS'S.

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FALL RIVER LINE.
For New York, the South and West
Steamers PLYMOUTH and PILGRIM in commission. A fine orchestra on each.
Leave Newport week days only at 9:15 P. M. Due New York 7:00 A. M.
Returning from New York steamers leave Pier 29, N. R., foot of Warren street, week days only at 5:00 P. M.
Eastward steamers touch at Newport, remaining here until 3:45 A. M. before proceeding to Fall River.
For tickets and staterooms apply at New York & Boston Dispatch Express Office, 272 Thames street, J. I. Greene, Ticket Agent.
J. H. JORDAN, Agent, Newport, R. I.
O. H. TAYLOR, General Passenger Agent, New York.

Providence, Fall River & Newport
STEAMBOAT CO.
ON AND AFTER FEBRUARY 17,
LEAVE NEWPORT FOR
Providence
Week days only 8:30 a. m. Leave Providence for Newport week days only 4 p. m.
Mondays and Saturdays only stop at Prudence each way. Stop at Conanicut Mondays only each way.
Special Saturday Excursion 75c. Good to return only at 4 p. m. same day or following Monday.
H. HUFFUM, Supt. Transportation.
ARTHUR H. WATSON, President.

Jamestown & Newport Ferry Co.
FROM FOOT OF MARKET SQUARE, NEWPORT.
On and after October 5, 1899,
Steamer Conanicut or Beaver Tail
Will run as follows:
Leave Jamestown—6:15, 8:15, 10:00, (U. S. Mail); 11 a. m.; 12:50, 2:00, 3:33, 5:00, (U. S. Mail); 6:00 p. m.
Leave Newport—6:45, 9:30, 10:30, (U. S. Mail); 12:00 a. m.; 1:20, 2:30, 4:30, (U. S. Mail); 6:30, 6:30 p. m.
SUNDAYS.
Leave Jamestown—9 a. m.; 12:30, 4 p. m.
Leave Newport—9:30 a. m.; 1:00, 4:30 p. m.
Subject to change without notice.

Newport & Wickford Railroad and Steamboat Co.
"The Wickford Route,"
IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 1, 1899.

LEAVE	A M	P M	P M	P M
Newport,	₵10:00	₵1:20	₵4:10	₵7:35
Providence, arrive,	11:50	3:18	5:50	9:50
Boston, arr.,	1:18	4:50	7:00	11:00
New York, arr.,	4:32	6:57	11:00	B
	P M	P M	P M	P M
LEAVE	A M	A M	A M	P M
New York,	c*12 02	₵5 00	₵10 02	*1 02
Boston,		10 03	1 03	3 00
Providence,		11 11	2 39	4 16
Newport, arr.,	6 35	1 00	4 00	6 40
	A M	P M	P M	P M

* Daily except Sundays.
B Washington Express due Harlem River Station, New York, 2:05 A. M.; Philadelphia, 5:40 A. M.; Baltimore, 9:29 A. M.; Washington 10:32 A. M.
c Following this train is the through Federal Express (via Harlem River) leaving Washington at 5:00 P. M.; Baltimore 5:58 P. M.; Philadelphia 8:10 P. M., due at Wickford Junction 5:14 A. M.; Newport, 6:35 A. M.
For tickets and drawing room chairs apply on steamer General, Commercial wharf, or at the Transfer Co.'s office, 301 Bellevue avenue.
C. U. COFFIN, Agent, Newport.

The Muenchinger-King and Hill Top Cottages,
NEWPORT, R. I.
Families or private parties, transient or permanent, accommodated at the above cottages, opposite Newport Reading Room.
BELLEVUE AVENUE.

WINTER BOARD,
A few rooms now vacant at Nason Cottage. Sanitary plumbing, hot water heat, house comfortable and pleasant.
GEO. NASON, 20 Mill Street.

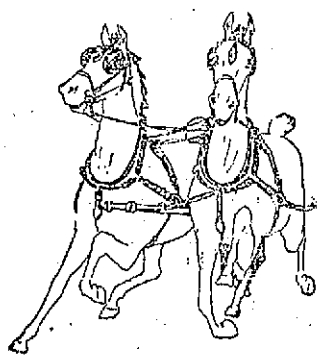
OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Boston & Philadelphia Steamship Co.,
—FROM—
Fall River to Philadelphia Direct,
Every Wednesday and Saturday,
At 6 P. M., connecting at Philadelphia with all rail and water lines to the south and west. Close connection made with all points on the N. Y., N. H. & H. Railroad.
Quick Despatch, Prompt Delivery.
Mark goods WINSOR LINE.
For rates and other information apply to
J. H. JORDAN, Agent N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R.
or to H. J. Jernegan, Agent,
Derrick Wharf, Fall River.
E. B. SAMPSON, Gen'l. Manager, Boston, Mass.

HAY, GRAIN, MEAL, ETC.

Wheat
$20 per ton.
$1.10 per cwt.
We have received a carefully selected stock of all new
Grass Seeds.
It will pay you to examine before purchasing elsewhere.
The Chas. E. Spooner Co.,
COMMERCIAL WHARF.

Hay, Grain and Straw, Salt, etc.
D. Shanahan, Commercial Wharf.



Robes and Blankets
Stable Blankets from 75c. up.
—AT—
HENRY BIESEL & SONS'
256 & 258 THAMES STREET

Winter Board for Horses.
Practicing veterinary in full charge of stable. 15 acre paddock perfectly smooth and no barbed wire. Stable ventilation perfect. For further particulars apply at BATEMAN'S.



If You Lose Any Money

Or your pug dog, or your Sunday umbrella, you should say something about it in the Daily News want columns.

Many thousands of honest people read these columns every day and there will be pretty large chances in your favor if you mention your loss to them.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—Situation by young woman as housekeeper; or to do general housework in small family. Apply 44 Pope street.

COLORED HELP—Cooks, maids, farm and dairy hands, drivers and butlers furnished on short notice. Terms reasonable. W. M. Martin & Co., Employment Agents, Richmond, Va.

WANTED—Situation as cook. Good reference from former employer. Apply 28 Kay street.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply at 15 Gibbs avenue.

WANTED—Services of intelligent reliable permanent man. Office and outside work. Enclose stamp and references. A. T. Morris, P. O. General Delivery.

WANTED—A cook; colored preferred. Apply at 41 Pelham street.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Early Wednesday evening, between Allan's court and Mann avenue, a brown feather muff. Please return to 2 Allan's court and receive reward.

TENEMENTS, ROOMS AND BOARD.

WANTED—Furnished room by a young man; give price. Reply Box M. Daily News Office.

TO LET—Large front room, furnished or unfurnished, at 42 Farewell street.

TO LET—Upper part of house at 14 Central court; eight rooms; conveniences. Apply on premises.

MILLINERY AND DRESSMAKING.

Interesting Offerings in New

SPRING FLOWERS.

Roses and Violets, 25c. a bunch.

M. E. TOBIN,

46 & 48 WASHINGTON SQUARE.

Great Reduction in Prices

—OF—

MILLINERY GOODS

AT THE

Broadway Millinery Store,

G. H. KIRBY, - 85 Broadway

NOW IS THE TIME

To Buy Novelties and French Patterns at Half Price.

N. L. MASON, - 18 BROADWAY.

GOLF HATS, 25c.,

Former Price 75c., $1.25, $1.75 and $2.

F. N. Dawley, 111 Thames St.

A. M. DUNPHY, DRESSMAKER,

Formerly of Park Square, Boston,

HAS OPENED PARLORS AT 5 MOUNT VERNON STREET.

Bargain Sales!

We shall continue our bargain sales the remainder of this week and will place on sale many articles which in value and price are real bargains.

J. M. K. SOUTHWICK,

185 Thames Street

Three Months

—FOR—

Twenty Five Cents

THE NEWPORT JOURNAL IS COMPILED EACH WEEK FROM THE COLUMNS OF THE DAILY NEWS WITH SPECIAL REGARD TO THE NEEDS OF PEOPLE IN OTHER CITIES WHO ARE INTERESTED IN NEWPORT AFFAIRS, BUT WHO DO NOT REGULARLY SEE THE DAILY PAPER.

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CARE and MANAGEMENT of ESTATES

HALIDON HALL, NEWPORT.

6 WESTMINSTER STREET, PROVIDENCE.

PUBLICITY PREVAILS.

Growing Tendency Against Senate Secret Sessions.

Many Older Members Prefer Open Discussion of All Questions.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—There is a growing tendency in the United States senate toward publicity concerning matters of an executive nature. It was but a few years ago that in every case which came under the head of executive business of the senate and which was considered in secret session there was a great deal of secrecy maintained in form, if not in actuality. All this is quite different now. A notable instance of this was the publication immediately of the amendment to the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, together with the report in favor of the adoption of that treaty. A year ago the vote ratifying the peace treaty of Paris was also immediately made public. Nothing of this kind would have been possible a few years ago. It is not known whether this is due to the fact that the publication of executive business after each session is certain or that the senate has come to the conclusion that it is much better to take the people into their confidence rather than to attempt to keep things secret. I know that a great many senators feel that the distrust of the senate originates in many cases simply because the people have an idea that many unpopular acts are covered up in executive session.

Want Open Sessions.

Many senators would prefer to have open sessions on every question. Some of the new senators when they first come here also believe that open sessions would be best, but as a general thing they change their minds before they have been very long members of the body. It is understood that it would not be just the thing to have open sessions in some cases, especially in the matter of nominations, as the character of a presidential appointee is sometimes discussed rather freely. Then, again, there may be times when matters of vast importance affecting foreign nations are considered in executive session and things are said which ought not to go out as official utterances of men holding the important places of senators. One of the men who have long been advocates of more liberality in the matter of executive sessions is Senator Teller. He has never ceased to believe that much of the business that is done behind closed doors might as well be in public. One of the reformers in the matter of more publicity was David B. Hill. When he came to the senate, confirmations were not announced by the senate until two executive sessions had passed. It was upon a motion of Senator Hill that the rules were amended so that these confirmations were announced immediately. Senator Hill was also instrumental in having a number of other traditional requirements of executive sessions removed, and convinced many senators that no damage was done when a great deal that was transacted behind closed doors appeared in the public prints.

No More Investigations.

It has now been nearly ten years since the senate has attempted to investigate how executive sessions become public. The last time it was attempted it proved such a roaring farce that no senator really wants to conduct an investigation of this character. It is known that several resolutions have been introduced by senators directing the committee on rules to make the investigation, but, as these are never voted upon in the senate and as the committee on rules has no desire to start such an investigation, nothing ever comes of them. No senator desires to start it on his own responsibility and attempt to get out of the newspaper men the sources of their information. It was the late Senator Dolph of Oregon who tried to compel the newspaper men to give up this information and after conducting an investigation for two or three months utterly failed to make any impression save to provoke general enmity of the newspaper men here, who nearly always took occasion to remind him in an unpleasant manner of the investigation.

Dr. Mary Walker's Bill.

With every session of congress there appears at the capitol sooner or later that quaint, eccentric individual, Dr. Mary Walker. To the older employees about the capitol the small figure of this strange woman, attired in a long frock coat and suit of black, a beaver hat, heavy shoes and cane, with the one mark of femininity, the shawl, thrown over her shoulders, is instantly recognizable, and if any doubt exists a good look at her wrinkled, fine marked face will leave no question as to her identity. This year Dr. Mary was wafted into the capitol with a bill under her arm. After working for some time without finding a member to introduce it she finally had an audience with a new member who did not know her except by reputation. He promised to introduce the bill. When he came to read it over, he found that it provided that "wherever the United States had jurisdiction there shall be no executions, but imprisonment for life shall be substituted." This was more than he had bargained for, and after thinking over the bill awhile he struck out the wording of Dr. Mary Walker and inserted the following: "That capital punishment within any territory controlled by the United States is hereby forever abolished, provided that this act shall not apply to female doctors who wear male attire."

ARTHUR W. DUNN.

IMPORTED PESTS.

Though we have maintained with a fair degree of consistency and persistency a protective policy, there is one class of foreign products that has steadily passed our custom houses without paying tribute to our government. It includes a large variety of insects injurious to plant life. Of the 75 or 80 specially pernicious insects, now common in the United States, less than half are native, the others having been introduced from foreign countries. We have heard much in recent years about the San Jose scale, which attacks the fruit trees from California to the middle West, and may be threatening even the peach orchards of Connecticut, though that state has been so occupied with the "yellows" that it has not paid much attention to the other pest. The Hessian fly, the codling moth, the gipsy moth, the oyster-shell bark louse and many another worm or beetle or bug are all foreigners.

There is now only one state that makes any effort to protect herself against these subtle but serious invasions. California has a state law enforcing an inspection system for all fruits and nursery stock presented at her ports. A bill, having the strong indorsement of the Agricultural Department, has been introduced in Congress, proposing to make it unlawful for any transportation company to offer for entry at any port any imported trees, plants, shrubs, grafts, cuttings, buds or fruits unless accompanied by a certificate of inspection by an official expert in the country from which they come. This may seem like locking the door after the horse is stolen; still, it may do some good. The acquisition of tropical possessions has given an impulse to this safeguarding movement. This is more suggestive than logical. We are in no more danger than we were before. Bugs do not follow the flag any more than trade does.—[Boston Transcript.

A CONGRESSIONAL RECORD.

Henry R. Gibson, member of Congress from the Second Tennessee district, who lives at Knoxville, finds his re election threatened. He sends out an appeal to his constituents in view of what he has done in his official capacity. Here it is: He has put through $33 war claims, amounting to over $1,200,000; he put through 65 special pension bills; he had 41 men commissioned as officers in the army by the President; he had 29 men appointed as postmasters; he had 74 new postoffices established; he made about 12,000 calls on the pension bureau; he sent out 20 000 packages of vegetable seeds; he sent out 67,000 pamphlets and books; he sent out 167,000 copies of his own speeches; he wrote 47,000 letters to his constituents. This is Gibson's account of his own doings (extending, it is to be presumed, through more than one Congress), printed and sent into his district. He says, in addition, that he was "more regular in attending the sessions of Congress" and "gave more of his time to the business of the people and spent less of it in pleasure and idleness," than anybody else; but surely Gibson should pass without this latter self-indorsement.

A MODEL MINING TOWN.

The owner of a coal tract near Pittsburg is building a model mining town with a view to supplying 3,000 workmen with all possible benefits at a minimum of expense. The houses will be built only of brick or stone, and will stand on a quarter acre lot, with flower-beds and a hedge in front. It is arranged that the houses shall be owned by the individual miners when they can pay for them, and the miners are to run the village themselves, while the stores are to be managed on the profit-sharing plan. Several model industrial towns have been built, but they have always been managed on the paternal system which has usually ended in failure.

A curious test for deafness has been brought before the Paris Academy of Medicine by Dr. Bonnier. On applying a tuning-fork to the knee or other part of the bony structure, nothing is heard by the sound ear, but the note is distinctly audible to an ear in which disease has begun.

GROCERIES.

WE SELL

Bennett, Simpson & Co's

PURE SPICES.

They are not only pure but they are ground from thoroughly cleaned, best quality, whole spices. There is nothing better. They are the best put up.

Peckham & Manchester,

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Directly opposite the New City Hall.

AT PHIL. STEVENS'S,

48 & 50 Thames Street.

5-lb. can Coffee, GROUND OR IN THE BEAN, $1.00

2-lb can Coffee, - - - - .40

1-lb. can Coffee, - - - .25

These coffees are guaranteed.

PURE GOLD FLOUR,

The Best on the Market.

☞ All checks given at this store cashed at the Bijou, 39 Thames street.

ESTABLISHED 1814.

Strictly Fresh RhodeIslandEggs

25c. per doz.; 5 doz. for $1.

GOOD THINGS.

B. & M. Coffee at 32c. Oscar's Sauce.
Bromangelon, 5c.; 2 for 25c. Cocktail Catsup.
1-lb. Jar R.C. Jelly, 30c. Minnet Wafers.
Cheese Straws, 15c. Nashvilles.

C. Sherman & Co.,

243 & 245 Thames Street.

Telephone 351-2.

EVERYONE SHOULD KNOW

That I; REPAIR Sewing Machines, Bicycles, Cash Registers, Typewriters, Engines, Boilers, and all kinds of machinery, at my new shop, 6 Marlboro street. Now is the time to have your wheel put in order for spring. Send me a postal of your wants. I will call and give your order prompt attention.

GEO. W. SMITH,

MACHINIST AND GENERAL JOBBER.

6 MARLBORO STREET.

Jewelry!

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL

Dumb-bell Cuff Buttons, gold and gold plated; some with small diamonds; very low prices. Ladies' Guard Watch Chains, very fine Brooch Pins, with PEARLS, DIAMONDS and OPALS. Rings with solitaire diamonds at the old prices. Now is the time to BUY DIAMONDS for the prices have risen considerably.

E. C. Blaine's, 245 Thames street.

LADIES,

We Have a Line of CHOICE Five o'Clock

TEAS.

Peleg Bryer, - Broadway.

To Let---Two Cottages,

One, 9 Kilburn court, one, 17 Calvert street. Apply to

T. S. & P. BARKER, 105 Broadway.

GROCERIES.

MORE ORANGES.

We have just received another large shipment of the CELEBRATED DOVE BRAND southern California upland fruit.

This mark of oranges is noted for high color, sweetness and delicious flavor.

Our sales have reached large proportions since we began selling this fancy selected fruit. Why? Because it pleases the people and that's what we strive to do. We offer

Large California Navel Oranges, 20c. a dozen.

Extra large California Navel Oranges, 25c. a dozen.

—AT—

The Boston Grocery,

BROADWAY, OPPOSITE NEW CITY HALL.

O. F. WILCOX, Prop'r.

Telephone 339-5.

Arrived today, a carload of the very best

SPRUCE KINDLING WOOD,

15 bundles for 25c.

65 bundles for $1.

James A. Eddy,

Cash Grocery and Market,

230 THAMES STREET.

Telephone No. 110.

WE PUT ON THE TWO-WIRE

Solid Rubber

—AND—

Cushion Tires,

Guaranteed for one year, the best rubber tire in the market today. Prices on application.

Fludder Bros, 15 Beach St.

Eat Drink AND Be Merry

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BELLEVUE HOSPITAL REMEDY.

SEMIT TABLETS

And You'll Feel All Right in the Morning

Refuse Substitutes. Get Semit.

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Capital Stock, $500,000.

Full Paid and Non-Assessable.

A limited number of shares is offered for sale by the company at $.75 (seventy-five cents) per share par value per share $1, which price can only be maintained for a short time, when the price will advance rapidly.

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For further information as to the plan of operating, etc., apply to

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Orders executed for investment or on margin. Interest allowed on deposits subject to check at sight. Railroads reorganized and trade combinations effected. Act as Financial Agents for Corporations and Investors.

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Dress Suit Case,

All leather, $3.50.

Also a lot of Heavy Blacksmith's Aprons.

Geo. Gratrix, 98 Broadway.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, March 17, Wall Street—The stock market opened firm, with American Steel & Wire at 50⅜, Atchison preferred 67⅞, Burlington 126⅝, Federal Steel 50, Louisville 81⅝, People's Gas 97¾, Sugar 102½, St. Paul 123⅜, Southern preferred 58¾, Tennessee Coal & Iron 94½, Union Pacific 49¼, and Third Avenue 98¼.

10—The stock market opened dull, and the majority of stocks showed small gains. Sugar manifested some special strength and Tennessee Coal rose 1¼. Third Avenue relapsed below last night, after a small opening gain.

11—Some irregularity developed and Metropolitan declined 1¾. An active demand for Third Avenue raised it to 71½, and improvements in other stocks ranged from one to 2⅛, notably Sugar, Continental Tobacco, Colorado Fuel, Pacific Mail, Metropolitan, Rubber and Tennessee Coal. No important movement occurred in railroad stocks, which moved sluggishly but towards better prices. At 11 o'clock the market eased off in spots in sympathy with the selling of the tractions.

Closing—Money on call, firm, with actual transactions at 5 per cent; closed offered at 5; prime mercantile paper, 5 @ 5½ per cent; sterling exchange steady, at $4.85 for demand and $4.82 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.83½ and $4.87; commercial bills, $4.81¼ @ ¾; silver certificates, 60¼ @ 61¼; bar silver, 60; Mexican dollars, 47⅝; government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, irregular. The market continued dull at the lower level. A few usually inactive stocks moved widely. But the market was narrow and heavy until the appearance of the bank statement, when a rush to cover shorts caused a sharp rally. The railroads and Iron and Steel stocks rose to the best of the day. Third Avenue, after rallying to 70¾, was ruled down to 67¾, checking the advancing tendency. The closing was dull and about steady, and showed net gains in most stocks.

NEW YORK, March 17.	Closing.
Atchison	23¼
Atchison preferred	68
Canada Southern	48½
Chicago, Bur'ington & Quincy	127¼
C., C., C. & St. Louis	58⅝
Delaware & Hudson	114
Delaware, Lack. & West.	177½
Erie	18
Illinois Central	113
Lake Shore	194
Louisville & Nashville	81¾
Manhattan	93⅛
Metropolitan Traction	180⅝
Missouri Pacific	45¼
Missouri, Kansas & Texas	10
N. J. Central	115½
N. Y. Central	134½
Northern Pacific	53
Northern Pacific preferred	74¼
Northwestern	190
Ontario & Western	23
Oregon Navigation	42
Reading	17¼
Rock Island	108¾
St. Paul	123⅜
St. Paul preferred	178
Southern Pacific	38¼
Texas & Pacific	16¾
Union Pacific	40⅝
Union Pacific preferred	74¾
Wabash	6⅝
Wheeling & Lake Erie	19⅛
Adams Express	154
Wells, Fargo Express	122
American Sugars	2
American Tobacco	103¾
Continental Tobacco	36¼
Continental Tobacco pref'd	89¾
General Electric	125
Lead	29¼
Pacific Mail	45¾
Pullman Palace	183
Sugar	109¼
Tennessee Coal & Iron	98¾
Leather	19½
Rubber	29¼
Western Union	83½

Conditions affecting general business are unusually satisfactory. Industrial, agricultural and transportation interests are all actively employed, and there are yet no indications of abatement. The most significant event of the week was, of course, the enactment of the gold standard bill into law. That buries the silver issue, puts the stamp of honesty upon United States obligations, and removes forever the distrust which had for years threatened to undermine American credit, and which just four years ago brought us to the verge of disastrous panic.

The effect of the bill upon the money market will be felt gradually, the first result being the increase of circulation from 90 to 100 per cent of par value of bonds. Much harm is being done by sensational calculations of the amount of inflation the new bill will permit. Usually these statements have been put out by unscrupulous or irresponsible parties who wish to stimulate public buying of stocks through spreading exaggerated ideas of the probable additions to our currency. As already stated in these advices, it will be some time before the amount of new circulation reaches $100,000,000. If it ever touches that increase under present conditions. In view of the enormous expansion of business and the increased demand for small notes for retail purposes, there is not much inflation in this sum. This addition, however, is likely to afford important relief at a time when most needed, for the crop movement next autumn. The high prices of government bonds lessen the inducements for Eastern banks to take out additional circulation; but this will be a smaller factor in the West and South where higher rates of interest prevail.—[Henry Clews.

NEWPORT HOTELS

Kay Street House,

Open all the year.

15 KAY STREET.

PERRY HOUSE.

WASHINGTON SQUARE.

Leading hotel in the city. Open all the year. Completely renovated and refurnished. First-class in every respect, with all modern improvements. Rates, $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50 per day, according to location. Rates to parties by the week or month. For further information regarding rooms, etc., address WM. S. O'BRIEN, Proprietor.

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HOTEL GRENOBLE,

NEW YORK,

7th Avenue and 56th Street.

Now, Fireproof, All Modern Conveniences.

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Everett House,

17th St. and 4th Ave., New York.

For convenience of situation and delightful exposure, The Everett heads the list. Thoroughly modernized. Cuisine of acknowledged excellence. European plan. Popular prices.

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American and European plans.

Most desirably situated in COPLEY SQUARE, the most fashionable locality in the city.

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LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF

Chafing Dishes

IN THE CITY.

Children's Sets, Plated Knife, Fork and Spoon.

TABLE TEAKETTLES,

All sizes and prices on hand.

Brass Andirons, Brass Fenders, Brass Fire Sets, Brass Coal Hods, AND MANY OTHERS, AT

W. K. COVELL'S, 163 Thames St.

BUY IT, USE IT AND BE CURED.

You cannot sleep nights, and still you persist in taking something sold to be equal to it. DON'T BELIEVE IT. There is nothing so good and that will give so quick and lasting relief as

Dixon's Great Russian Cough Cordial.

At all druggists, 25c. a bottle. Try it and get cured of that cough.

Kindling Wood delivered to any part of the city, 1 barrels for one dollar. It is nice, dry, clean pine wood, cut from clean killed-dried forest trees. Beware of kindlings made from old torn-down buildings; it is more or less decayed and harbors bed bugs, ants and disease germs. It is sold very cheap, but in the end may be very dear. Leave your order at 69 to 75 Mill street.

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Franklin Stove Coal.

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Lorberry Red Ash.

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Electric Lighting.
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Residences and stores furnished for electricity at lowest rates.
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IS THE CHIEF CHARACTERISTIC OF OUR

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Every gem is selected with a view to its color and brilliancy, and it is so mounted that its full beauty is shown.

We have loose stones from ½ to 2 carats which we will mount in original designs to suit purchaser.

HERRMANN,
219 THAMES STREET.

Hothouse Grapes.

—AT—

BURLINGAME & CARRY'S

Anything That's Musical

Will be found at our store. Our specialty is Pianos, but we have a large stock which includes everything in the musical line.

Our prices are guaranteed to be the lowest and our goods are guaranteed to be all right. A large stock of EDISON NEW PROCESS RECORDS just received.

Call and see us whether you wish to buy or not. We are glad to see you and would take pleasure in showing you our stock.

BARNEY'S MUSIC STORE,
154 THAMES STREET.

Alaska Red Salmon

13c. per Tin.

Columbia River Salmon
20c. per Tin.

Kippered Herring,
10c. per Tin.

Soused Mackerel,
15c. per Tin.

Bailey's Ext' of Clams,
Especially good for invalids.
20c. per Tin.

Sardines,
5c., 10c., 16c., 25c., 35c., 40c. per Tin.

Fresh Island Eggs,

Beautiful "CHATTAROI"

"Cannel" Coal,

PREPARED FOR

Open Grates.

IN BOX CARS, ALL HAND PICKED, SQUARE LUMPS AND SMOOTH. THIS COAL IS FULLY AS GOOD AS THE ENGLISH AND COMES MUCH LESS IN PRICE.

Perry Brothers.

EACH TO STAND BY ITSELF.

City Council Submits Separate Bond Issue Propositions.

The City Council held another special meeting last evening, and instead of the bickerings and disagreements of former meetings where the proposed bond issue was discussed everything was harmonious. On the report of the finance committee separate propositions will be submitted to the taxpayers for the issue of bonds, for the equipment of the new city hall, the deficit in the treasury, the addition to the Townsend Industrial School, and the completion of the harbor park. In addition, there will be a proposition authorizing the expenditure of $40,000 for the straightening, grading, macadamizing and curbing of Coggeshall avenue. Two large expenditures for street work were also authorized, $6,500 for Friendship street and $6,000 for the grading and improving of the approaches to the Van Zandt avenue bridge.

In the board of aldermen Mayor Boyle was absent and President Hamilton presided. In the common council there was one absentee, Councilman Shanahan.

The meeting opened with a communication from the mayor, stating that it had been called at the request of the finance committee to act upon its report regarding the proposed bond sale.

On the recommendation of the committee on fire department a resolution was passed authorizing the committee to place a fire alarm signal box at the corner of Powel avenue and Hope street, at an estimated cost of $125.

On the recommendation of the tax assessors a resolution was passed refunding to Herbert C. Tilley the sum of $13.20, over-assessed against him in 1899.

The lower branch was called to order at 8:03 by President Koehne, who called for business, and soon had enough to cause a long session, on the late plan of action.

Mr. Albro presented a resolution instructing the street commissioner to properly grade and repair the approaches to the Van Zandt avenue bridge, at a cost of $6,000. The resolution was unanimously adopted.

Mr. Stevens, chairman of the committee on finance, presented the report of that committee on the proposed bond issue, referred to it at the meeting Tuesday evening. It recommended the passage of the accompanying resolution. The report was received.

The accompanying resolution provided for the submission to the taxpaying voters at the election April 4 of the following propositions, for the issue of 30-year bonds of the city, bearing such rates of interest as the City Council shall determine, the par value of the proceeds of such propositions as shall be approved by a majority of the voters voting thereon to be applied as follows:

1—For the more complete equipment, furnishing and finishing of the new city hall, $40,000.

2—For the re-payment of the deficiency in the city treasury at the end of 1899, $73,000.

3—For the completion of the new harbor park or esplanade, $11,000.

4—For the building and equipment of an addition to the Townsend Industrial School, with laboratories for the Coles professorship of natural sciences, $15,000.

The usual provisions directing the city clerk to insert the propositions in the warrant and supply ballots for the voters closed the resolution, which was unanimously adopted.

Mr. Kelly offered another resolution, for the submission to the taxpayers of a proposition to issue 30-year bonds to the amount of $10,000, the proceeds to be used for straightening, widening, curbing, grading and macadamizing Coggeshall avenue. The resolution was similar to the other and was adopted without opposition.

In the lower board Councilman Stevens moved to take from the table the resolution of the highway department for repairs to Friendship street, at a cost of $6,500. The report was taken up, and Mr. Stevens moved to concur with the aldermen in the passage of the resolution. Mr. Kelly seconded the motion, saying that when it came up before he thought it was a new thing. He had since learned it was two years old. It was passed in concurrence.

While waiting for the aldermen to act on the bond issue Mr. Stevens moved to invite the board of aldermen to join the council in joint convention for the election of an assistant engineer of the fire department, and other officers. The motion was carried, against a few negative votes. A messenger was sent to notify the board of aldermen that the common council was ready to go into convention, but the aldermen did not feel inclined to again tackle the question of the election, and when the business on the table was finished Alderman O'Neill was appointed a messenger to notify the councilmen that the aldermen were ready to adjourn, and both bodies dispersed without a joint convention.

In the board of aldermen an exhibition license was granted Chief Engineer Kirwin, for the firemen's ball at the state armory.

The session was one of the shortest on record, everything having been done within 12 minutes of the opening.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

NEEDED FOR THE NEW CITY HALL.

The following is the report of the city hall commission as to what is needed for the new city hall, in addition to the money already available, and for which the committee asked the $40,000 called for in the proposed bond issue. In some way the report was not read in the council, though President Koehne started to read it on the night the aldermen so mysteriously disappeared:

The City Hall Commission respectfully report that they have procured estimates of the cost of embellishing, completing and furnishing the new city hall, which estimates are as follows:

Oak furniture required for city hall exclusive of city clerk and probate rooms,	$3,135.00
Oak furniture for city clerk and probate rooms.	1,275.00
Three safes,	750.00
Asphalting basement and vault floors,	1,016.00
Changing council and aldermen's rooms to mahogany wainscot walls, putting panels, beams and cornice on ceiling in white,	4,318.00
Marble wainscot and tile or asphaltic floors in main hall, first floor to landing of stairs.	3,500.00
Painting walls and ceilings of council and aldermen's rooms, mayor's office and halls and corridors, first and second stories,	2,000.00
Elevator,	2,000.00
Gas and electric fixtures,	3,800.00
Inner curbing,	3,600.00
Cutting names on stone panel,	100.00
Curbing of lawn.	1,200.00
Roads in rear of building,	1,000.00
Fittings for vaults,	7,000.00
Retaining wall on east side of lot.	2,500.00
Granolithic sidewalks,	1,250.00
Sundries,	656.00
Total,	$40,000.00

And they therefore respectfully request that your honorable body raise the sum of $40,000 by the issue of bonds of the city for the purpose of paying the cost of the above mentioned work.

MODEL CLOTHING COMPANY'S OPENING.

The Model Clothing Company reopened its store in the Newton-Horgan building last evening, and had a large number of callers. The store has been thoroughly renovated, so that there is no trace of the fire of last December, and there is a new heating arrangement which will preclude another disaster. The establishment has been stocked with an entire line of new goods, which are attractively displayed. On the counters were a number of floral tributes received from the various firms with which the company deals. During the evening the Harry K. Howard orchestra rendered a pleasing program of music. Mr. E. A. Davidson, the proprietor, and his clerks were present to receive the guests and show all that was to be seen. Souvenirs, a pencil in the form of a nail for the men, and a very pretty gold pen for the women, were distributed to the visitors.

PORTSMOUTH.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

The funeral of Mrs. Thomas M. Field was held Friday at 2 o'clock. Mrs. Field had been in too poor health to go out for many years and for several months had been a great sufferer; a short time before her death a shock of paralysis freed her from pain, although still conscious. Her maiden name was Jane E. Cory. The late Mrs. Benjamin Greene of Stone Bridge was her sister and the late Andrew Cory of Jamestown a brother. She leaves one son, Frederick A. Field; one grandson, Harold, and several nieces and nephews, Mrs. Abram Brown of Middletown being one of the former and Cornelius Green of Stone Bridge one of the latter.

Rev. A. H. Morill, D. D., of the Christian Church, New Bedford, preached at the all-day union meeting held in Westport Wednesday, and Professor Louis Mitchell of Portsmouth was organist for the day.

A. Lincoln Hambly, through whom Captain John M. Brownell had a fire insurance, has adjusted the loss occasioned by the fire in his residence a short time ago.

Captains Rowley Mason, D. Mason and Edward Wilcox, United States inspectors of steamers, have been in town.

Judge Baker of Newport was in the north part of the town on business Friday.

Robert S. Goff, general manager of the Newport & Fall River electric railway, has been petitioned to put in a safe condition Anthony's hill in Tiverton. He has visited the place, and finding the complaints just as to needed repairs will employ the services of the engineer of the company at an early date. He expressed himself very decidedly, not only in wishing to make the road safe but as desirous to accommodate its patrons.

Miss Lucy M. Church, daughter of Captain James B. Church, who was severely scalded about the face, left arm and hand a few days ago by the upsetting of a saucepan of water into some grease, has by the skill of her physician been made very comfortable.

SALE OF THE HAVEMEYER PROPERTY.

A. O'D. Taylor has sold for the heirs and devisees of the late Theodore O. Havemeyer, the house, furniture and entire lands on Washington street, bounded northerly by Battery street, easterly by Second street, southerly by land of Mary J. Briggs, easterly again by said land of Mary J. Briggs, southerly again by Pine street, and westerly by Washington street, the area being about 55,753 square feet. This estate has in front of it the United States government property known as Fort Greene, and is therefore permanently secure of an uninterrupted view of Narragansett bay. The purchaser is Mr. Charles J. Mauran, whose residence is on the west shore of Conanicut island, Jamestown, but whose interests since his boyhood have been identified with the "Point" dis-

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Y. M. C. A. Delegates in Many of the Churches.

The services in connection with the conference of the Young Men's Christian Associations for Sunday will be as follows: Consecration service, conducted by W. D. Fellows of Fall River, at the Association rooms in the morning; boys' meeting, conducted by E. M. Robinson of Boston, in the Association rooms, at 4:15 in the afternoon; women's meeting, conducted by W. D. Fellows, in the First Methodist Episcopal Church at 4:15; men's meeting, conducted by H. M. Moore of Boston, in the First Baptist Church at 5:30; farewell service at the Central Baptist Church at 8:15 in the evening, under the leadership of H. M. Moore. The delegates to the conference will speak in the various churches in the morning as follows: United Congregational, H. M. Moore; First Presbyterian, W. D. Fellows; First Baptist, R. M. Armstrong of Boston; Central Baptist, W. K. Cooper of Springfield; Second Baptist, G. W. Penniman of Fall River; First Methodist Episcopal, E. M. Robinson of Boston; Union Congregational, E. G. Randall of Taunton. At the evening services, which will begin at 7 o'clock, the delegates will speak as follows: First Presbyterian, W. K. Cooper; First Baptist, E. M. Robinson, and E. G. Randall; First Methodist Episcopal, W. D. Fellows; Thames Street Methodist Episcopal, G. W. Penniman; Central Baptist, H. M. Moore; Second Baptist, R. M. Armstrong; Union Congregational, A. T. Stratton of Pawtucket.

E. G. Randall of Taunton will address the meeting at the 2 o'clock service in the Portsmouth Christian Church.

At the evening service at the United Congregational Church Dr. McClelland will give the third in the series of sermons on the "Seven Words from the Cross." The service will be preceded by a 10-minute organ recital by Colonel John Rogers, who will render the following selections: Allegretto, Mozart; Adagio, Sonata, Haydn; Etude, Op. 10, No. 3, Chopin.

Rev. George W. Latimer of Salem, Mass., will officiate at the Channing Memorial Church.

At the evening service at the First Presbyterian Church there will be special music by a quartet consisting of Misses Bailey and Gosling and Messrs. Hodson and Hildreth.

At the Swedish Methodist Episcopal Church, Annandale road, the pastor, Rev. H. Olson, will preach in the morning on "The Past and the Present," and in the evening on "Barabbas Preferred to Christ."

At the Swedish Evangelical Lutheran Church, Corne street, Rev. C. J. A. Holmgren, the pastor, will preach on "False Love."

Miss Sara Wray of New York will speak at The Beacon, West Broadway, at 3 and 7:30 p. m.

Rev. Professor Lorenzo Sears of Brown University will officiate at Emmanuel Church.

FATHER M'CALLEN'S FIRST LECTURE.

The first of three lectures constituting the St. Patrick's day entertainment of St. Mary's parish was given in St. Mary's hall last evening, in the presence of a good-sized and very much interested audience. The lecturer was Rev. J. A. McCallen of the Sulpician order, who made a very favorable impression by his voice, his style of address, the quality of his remarks and the excellence of the pictures shown. The subject was "Picturesque Ireland," and the stereopticon views were fully equal to the high standard that the photographer's skill has made one expect. They were artistically colored, and of themselves very pleasing. In addition, the running descriptions of the scenes shown and the anecdotes and witty sayings were given in a style acceptable to all. It was a lecture that it was a real pleasure to hear and one that was instructive and amusing as well.

During the course of the lecture several of those old Irish songs so dear to the sons and daughters of Ireland were sung. The singers were Miss Annie Driscoll, who appeared to be in better voice and to show more feeling and expression than usual; Father Meenan, pastor of St. Mary's and himself an excellent singer, and Father McCallen, the lecturer, who showed that he could sing as well as preach, and whose rendering of "The Minstrel Boy" was especially good. Both the songs and the lecture were frequently applauded, and had the singers responded to all the encores demanded the entertainment would have lasted until past midnight.

This evening Father McCallen will speak in St. Mary's hall on "Lights and Shades in Human Character."

ANOTHER ATTEMPT TO OPERATE THE COAL MINES.

Again money is being freely spent about the Portsmouth coal mines. It is now the Zwoyer Fuel Company that is known as the operating party, and at present the work comprises setting up of new machinery and preparing for much activity. It was said at the time the last company went by the board that the lack of proper machinery had prevented it from making the success of the place that it expected. The men now at the front consider that they have the necessary funds behind them to carry the plant along until it is on a paying basis.—[Providence Journal.

DEATH OF CORNELIUS VAN SCHELLYNE GIBBS.

Word has been received here of the death at Coronado Beach, Cal., of Cornelius Van Schellyne Gibbs, eldest son of the late Governor William C. Gibbs, and a brother of Major T. K. Gibbs of this city. The deceased was born in the old Gibbs homestead on Mill street 76 years ago, and was educated at the well known school at Poughkeepsie on the Hudson. In 1849, when the gold fever struck the East, Mr. Gibbs went to San Francisco, where he engaged in business with his brother, George W. Gibbs.

ment in the East, at once became prominent in the West and were the founders of the first Protestant Episcopal church in San Francisco, and perhaps the first on the coast. This church recently celebrated its fiftieth anniversary. Its location was in what afterward became the business section of the town and was sold for enough to build the present handsome Trinity Church.

Mr. Gibbs during his long stay in California was prominent in many of the charitable and philanthropic movements of the city. For many years he was president of St. Luke's hospital, and of the Forty-Niners' Association. Mr. Gibbs was named for his great-grandfather, Cornelius Van Schellyne. He leaves a widow and four children, two sons and two daughters.

MR. SCANLAN'S ALASKA MINING COMPANY.

The Consolidated Mining Company of Russian America, recently formed here by a number of Newporters, and incorporated under the laws of Delaware, to do a mining business in Alaska, is making preparations to begin operations in that far-off land in May.

The field of operation will be the new famous Cape Nome district, which has quite eclipsed the Klondike as a mecca for gold seekers. Mr. E. F. Scanlan of this city, the general manager of the company, has already spent nearly two years in and around this district, and his knowledge of the conditions existing there, and of what is needed for successfully carrying on the work, will be of great advantage to the company. He expects to start for Alaska about the first of May and will undoubtedly be accompanied by a number of Newporters.

"A BUNCH OF KEYS."

That one-time favorite Hoyt play, "A Bunch of Keys," was given last night at the Opera House. The attendance was not as large as the one that saw "The Girl from Maxim's" on the previous night, neither was the play so fast. It was just one of Hoyt's funny plays, that makes every one laugh and feel happy. The action was not quite so rapid as when it was first produced, but the specialties were well given, the songs being excellent. The play has been brought up to date so far as songs and specialties are concerned, and the original fun is just as good as ever.

Orders have been received from Washington by Naval Constructor Baxter of the Charlestown navy yard to reconstruct gunboat Topeka, which was purchased by the United States during the war with Spain, and to put her in condition for use as a training ship. The plans submitted for changing the vessel call for an expenditure of about $20,000.

DISCOUNT SALE.

China, Glass and Earthenware.

My annual discount sale will begin Monday, March 6, and continue through the month.

ERASTUS P. ALLAN,
131 & 133 THAMES STREET.

Red Ash Chestnut

COAL.

Also other arieties of first-quality coals.

HEIRS OF GEO. BOWEN,
WM. H. BOONE, AGENT.
Telephone 207-3.

We Buy from the Producer

And sell direct to the consumer, having 23 stores in New England, we are enabled to buy large quantities and sell them to the consumer at prices often less than the wholesaler.

EGGS—You can always depend upon getting strictly fresh laid eggs from any of our stores.

BUTTER—If you like fancy fresh-made creamery butter, we always have it on hand.

SOME SPECIAL PRICES FOR THIS WEEK—Eagle brand Condensed Milk, per can, 15c.; Elite Cereal Coffee, usually sold for 20c., per pkg. 10c.; Gold Dust, per pkg. 10c.; Best unwapped Soap, 4 bars for 10c.; Fancy Tomatoes, per can 7c.; Best Imported French Sardines, ½-lb. can 20c.; 2-lb. can Eyeless and Coreless Pineapple, 15c.; Glass butter dish filled with Mustard, 5c.; Fancy Olives, per bot., 5c., 10c., 15c., 20c., 25c., 30c.; Pickles, usually sold for 20c., per bot. 10c.; Best XXXX Family Flour, per bbl. $4.60; per bag, 55c.; Rolled Oats, 20 lbs. 20c.

TEA AND COFFEE—Regular 30c. tea, per lb. 47c. Fancy Teas, per lb. 35c. Fancy Mocha and Java Coffee, per lb. 29c.

N. Y. BUTTER AND GROCERY HOUSE,
E. A. EDES & CO.,
149 AND 151 THAMES STREET.

AUCTION SALES.

Bank Stock

AT AUCTION,

Monday, March 19, - - at 12 M.

7 shares of the Newport National Bank in front of said Bank.

Master's Sale of Real Estate.

APPELLATE DIVISION, SUPREME COURT.

William C. Townsend, Executor. vs. Rebecca Howell et al. } No. 333.

BY VIRTUE of a decree entered in the above entitled cause on the 8th day of May A. D. 1899, there will be sold at public auction, in the City of Newport, on **Saturday, April 7, A. D. 1900,** as follows, at twelve o'clock, noon, on said day, on the premises next hereinafter described, all that certain lot or parcel of land with the dwelling house and improvements thereon, bounded, Southerly, on Prospect Hill Street, Westerly, on land of John S. Langley, Northerly, partly on land of Mary B. Newton, partly on land of Carl Jurgens and partly on land now or late of Sarah A. Leavitt;

And at half past twelve o'clock P. M., on said day on the premises next hereinafter described, all that certain lot or parcel of land, with the dwelling house and improvements thereon, bounded, Southerly, on Prospect Hill Street, Westerly, on land now or late of E. and J. Morrill, Northerly, partly on land of the Channing Memorial Church, partly on land of the devisees of W. H. Smith, deceased, and partly on land now or formerly of Seth B. Stitt.

WILLIAM C. TOWNSEND, Executor.

NEW BOOKS.

New Books.

"Mirry Ann," A Manx Story, by Norma Lorimer.
"The Greatest Gift," by A. W. Marchmont.
"The Prelude and the Play," by Rufus Mann.
Iroka: Tales of Japan, by Adachi Kinnosuke.
"The Mystery of Choice," by Robert W. Chambers.
"The Court of Boyville," by William Allen White.
"Michelangelo,"
"Rembrandt,"
A collection of pictures with introduction and interpretation by Estelle M. Hurll.

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